Sublimation type Retransfer Card Printer CX-D80

Technical Document for Software Development

Revision 1.05

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<Revision Contents>

22.Feb.2010	The differences from CX-330 are described with blue and bold characters.
Rev 1.03	
10.June 2010	1) "2. Operational Environment": Added Windows 7
Rev 1.04	2) "3. System Configuration" / "5.1 Program Construction" : Added the 64bit
	file name of DLL.
	3) "5.12.2 Mode Sense Function" / "5.12.3 Mode Select Function" : The
	laminate heat roller temperature setting is maximum 180 centigrade
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Rev 1.05	2) "6.1 Inline Encoding": Added the "6.1.1 Default Encoding", "6.1.2 Type B
	Encoding" and "6.1.3 Type C Encoding".
	3) "Appendix 2 Magnetic Data Code" : Added the note

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1. Overview

This document explains the printer software from the point of software development view. When you install the printer software, the Printer Control DLL is also installed. Although Printing and Encoding is done by using the printer driver normally, you can do them by using Printer Control DLL directly without using Printer Driver. This explains how to use Printer Control DLL, and the special usage of the printer driver such as IC and MAG encoding.

Note: In case of Network interface, the printer cannot control by the Printer Control DLL. The Printer Control DLL in this document is about USB interface.

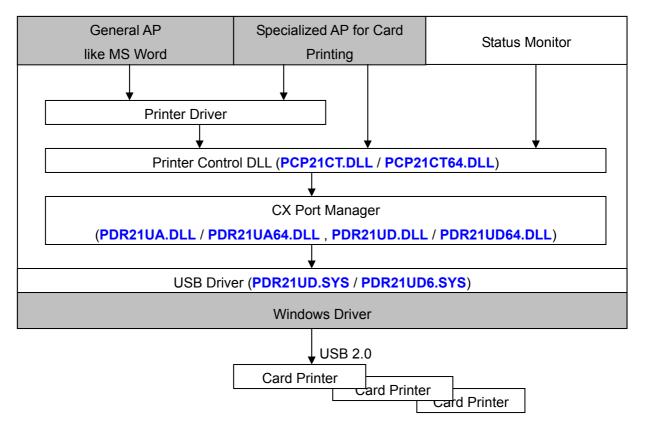
2. Operational Environment

Following table shows the operational environment of the software.

Item	Contents				
	Windows 2000 Professional (SP4)				
	Windows XP (SP2, SP3)				
	Windows Vista (SP1, SP2)				
	Windows 7 32bit / 64bit (First Release, SP1)				
os	Windows 8 32bit / 64bit				
	Note:				
	The Printer Control DLL cannot run on 64-bit OS excluding				
	Windows 7 / 8.				
Peripheral	Card Printer connected PC via USB.				

3. System Configuration on USB interface

Following figure shows the configuration of the printer software. The software surrounded by the white rectangle in the figure is the software which is installed from the CD-ROM of the printer.



Note: The file names are described such as (32bit / 64bit).

<Hint> Normally, Printer Driver loads the card, and encodes and prints. But when there is a card in the printer already, Printer Driver's processing is done to the card in the printer. By using this function, you can do pre-processing such as encoding by using Printer Control DLL before the Printer Driver's process.

Caution: If you use both Printer Control DLL and Printer Driver, Windows Spooling had better be disabled. If any printing data is pooled in Spooler, problem will happen as DLL controls Card Printer directly.

4. About Card Printer

4.1 Command Structure of the USB interface

The structure of the command to the printer is according to the SCSI rule. The printers being connected to a PC can be specified with the Slot number and the ID of the printer. This addressing makes it possible to control by 10 printers. Almost functions require both Slot number and ID to specify the printer. Slot number is a value decided by system environment, and ID is the value which is subtracted by 1 from Unit number of the printer.

4.2 Card Position

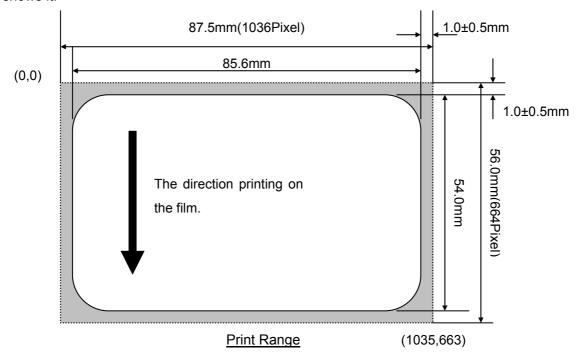
The printer command may fail if the card position is not proper for the command. For example, Retransfer command, which retransfers the image on the film to the card, will fail if the card is not positioned at Retransfer Position. Read Position command is prepared to know the card position.

Cara i Conta i initali				
Card Position	Explanation			
Retransfer Position	The position to start Retransfer.			
Contact IC encoder position	The position to do Contact IC encoding.			
No-Contact IC encoder position	The position to do No-Contact IC encoding.			
MAG encoder position	The position to do MAG encoding			

Card Position in the Card Printer

4.3 Print Range

The print range on Retransfer film is bigger than actual print range on the card. Following figure shows it.



5. Printer Control Function

5.1 Program Construction

They are functions in Printer Control DLL which is supplied as Windows DLL. They are installed when the printer driver is installed.

Name	os	File Name
Printer Control DLL	32bit	PCP21CT.DLL
Filliter Collifor DEL	64bit	PCP21CT64.DLL

Note: Use the PCP21CT.DLL of 32bit version when you use 32bit application software on 64bit OS.

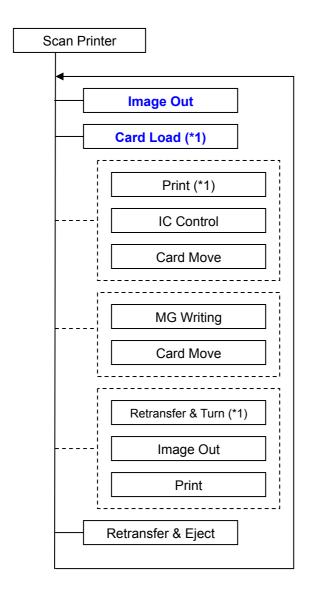
5.2 Basic rule of the return code from functions

The return code from all functions is according to following rules if there is no explicit description.

- 0 : It means success.
- Positive value: Command could not be executed but the condition will recover automatically.
 Retry after a little waiting.
 - ➤ 1(_BUSY) : CX Port Manager did not send command to the printer because of Printer's condition. This error never happens.
 - 2(_TARGET_BUSY1): Card Printer rejected the command because it is on the way of moving the card.
 - ➤ 3(_BUS_BUSY): Printer Control DLL rejected the command because the command issued by other process is on the way of processing.
 - ➤ 4(_TARGET_BUSY2): Card Printer rejected the command because it is on the way of printing on the retransfer film.
 - ➤ 5(_TARGET_BUSY3): Card Printer rejected the command because of both _TARGET_BUSY1 and _TARGET_BUSY2.
- Negative value: It means error. "Appendix Error Code Table" shows the detail.

5.3 Process flow to issue the card

Firstly, "Scan Printer" function should be used to know Slot number and ID of the printer. After that, you can control the printer with them. The printing method of the printer is Retransfer method, which prints on the retransfer film and retransfers the image on Retransfer film to the card.



Note

- 1) For the parallel processing of image data transferring and mechanical action, the command marked by *1 should be issued with setting Immediate Flag on. If Immediate flag is set, the command will end immediately after the command is accepted by the printer. So software can take next action such as image sending.
- The process surrounded by dashed line is optional procedure.
- 3) It is required the card is located at proper position for the card processing command. The destination parameter of Card Move/Card Load must be considered to locate the card at proper position for the next card processing command.
- 4) The card is discharged from the card outlet only by Retransfer command. The card is discharged from NG card outlet by other commands.

5.4 Scan Printer

5.4.1 Scan Printer Functions

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_ScanPrinter	Search for the printer from the first, and return Slot number and
	(int *piSlot, int *piID)	ID. The result is set at piSlot and piID.
2	int CXCMD_ScanPrinterNext	Search for the printer from the next of the printer specified by
	(int *piSlot, int *piID)	piSlot and piID. The result is set at piSlot and piID.

Note: It is not required to retry even if above functions return positive value. Valid value is set at piSlot and piID even if they returns positive value.

5.4.2 Printer Check Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	BOOL	Check whether the printer specified by Slot number and ID is
	CXCMD_CheckIfConnected	connected or not. It returns TRUE if it is connected and it returns
	(int *piSlot, int *piID)	FALSE if it is not.
		This is more safety way than using other functions to confirm
		whether it is connected or not.

5.5 Getting Printer Status

5.5.1 Test Unit Ready Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_TestUnitReady	Check the printer condition by issuing Test Unit Ready command
	(int iSlot, int iID)	to the printer.

5.5.2 Read Position Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_ReadPosition	Get card position by issuing Read Position command to the
	(int iSlot, int iID,	printer. Read Position data is set at pbyBuffer.
	BYTE *pbyBuffer)	

1) Read Position Data format

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Reserved PU Reserved				rved			
1	Load				Load			
'	Reserved Mode							
From 2 nd	Reserved							
To 6th	Reserved							
7	Position							

PU (Position Unknown)

0: The card is in the printer unit.

1: No card in the printer unit

Note: Printer reports PU = 1 even if any card is in the card hopper. Printer generates Check Condition if the card is being transported.

Position: Card position in the printer unit.

0: At Retransfer Position 1: At Contact IC Encoder 2: At No-Contact IC encoder

3: At MAG encoder Greater than 3: Reserved

Load Mode: The way to load the card

0: From the card tray

1: From the right side card entrance(This does not happen)

5.6 Print on Retransfer Film

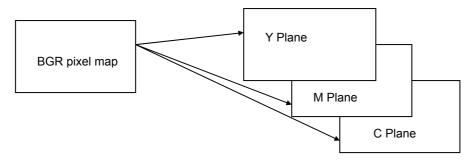
5.6.1 Image Out Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_ImageOut	Transfer image data to the printer by using Image Out command.
	(int iSlot, int iID,	◆ pbyPlane: Image Data. The size of image data must be 1036 x
	BYTE * pbyPlane,	664 bytes.
	int iLength,	◆ iLength: Size of image data in byte. This must be 1036x664.
	int iColor,	iColor: Kind of image data.
	int iBuffer)	0 if image data is for K ink.
		1 if image data is for C ink.
		2 if image data is for M ink.
		3 if image data is for Y ink.
		4 if image data is for UV ink.
		5 if image data is for Peel Off.
		iBuffer: Image Data buffer number. Printer has two image buffers
		for all images. Image data is stored to the buffer specified here.
		0 if Buffer 0.
		1 if Buffer 1.

1) How to translate RGB to YMC planes

Only supports YMC plane to print colored image, RGB must be transformed to Y, M and C plane. Normally, the formula to translate RGB to YMC is as follows.

Y = 255-B, M = 255-G, C = 255-R.



2) About K

K ink is the ink specialized for black text printing. The data for K ink is Boolean, only the not zero part is printed with black color. It makes the quality of black text better.

3) About UV ink

UV ink is the ink which becomes visible with ultraviolet rays. The data for UV ink is gray scale data from 0 to 255, the greater value gives the more UV efficiency.

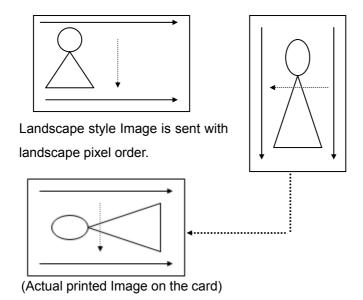
4) About Peel Off

"Peel Off" is used not to print any on magnetic stripe or sign panel. The data for "Peel Off" is from 0 to 255, the bigger value has the stronger power to peel off.

Note: Ability of Peel Off depends on the shape, size and location of the peeled off area. Furthermore operational environment of the printer gives some influence to the ability of Peel Off. Please use Peel Off after you confirm well that Peel Off works well.

5) About the order of the image sent to printer

The sending order of pixels to printer must be always Landscape order even if the image is created with portrait style. If the design is portrait style like right side of the following figure, pixel order must be adjusted by the application program.



Portrait style image is sent with portrait pixel order.

- a. The solid line means the order of the pixels in a line to send to the printer.
- b. The dashed line means the order of the lines to send to the printer. The pixel at the top of left corner must be sent first, and the pixel at the bottom of right corner must be sent last.

5.6.2 LUT Setting Function

	<u> </u>	
No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_DefineLUT	Change LUT of the printer by using Print Format command.
	(int iSlot,int iID,	iColor: Each color has its own LUT. Specify the color here.
	int iColor,	0 for K, 2 for C, 4 for M, 6 for Y
	int iLength,	iLength: The length of LUT data in byte.
	BYTE *pbyBuffer)	From 0 to 256.
		◆ pbyBuffer: LUT Data.

Note: Don't specify K because it is used internally by the printer.

1) About LUT

LUT is 256 bytes length data and it is used to transform the color being printed. Printer has 4 LUTs for each color transformation.

Image Data		Byte Position	Data of		Color being printed
from Host		in LUT	LUT		actually
0	\rightarrow	0	0	\rightarrow	0
1	\rightarrow	1	2	\rightarrow	2
2	\rightarrow	2	5	\rightarrow	5
:	:	:	:	:	:
253	\rightarrow	253	255	\rightarrow	255
254	\rightarrow	254	255	\rightarrow	255
255	\rightarrow	255	255	\rightarrow	255

The value X in image data is replaced with LUT[X] value when it is printed.

LUT Data configuration and the way to transform

Note: LUT data is set default value every when the printer is powered.

5.6.3 Print Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_Print	Print on Retransfer film by using Print command.
	(int iSlot,int iID,	♦ iColor
	int iColor,	Bit0-3: Specify the color to print.
	int iBuffer,	Bit0: YMC Bit1: K Bit2: UV Bit3: PO
	int ilmmed)	Bit4-5: The location of the MAC address printed with UV.
		0: According to the printer cetting
		1: Upper right corner
		2: Lower left corner
		Note: Please refer "Appendix4" too.
		iBuffer: Specify Image buffer to print.
		0: Buffer-0 1: Buffer-1
		◆ ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer finishes printing.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.
		Note: As printing UV on YMC ink decreases the quality of YMC, UV
		must be retransferred after the YMC was retransferred to the card
		when UV image and YMC image overlaps.
2	int CXCMD_SecurityPrint	Do Security Erase which conceals the text on the K ink and the
	(int iSlot,int iID,	retransfer film by printing again. It prints the K image in the image
	int iColor,	buffer on the retransfer film by using last used K ink.
	int iBuffer,	◆ iColor: Specify the color to print. Only K(0x02) must be specified.
	int ilmmed)	Bit0: YMC Bit1: K Bit2: UV Bit3: PO
		iBuffer: Specify Image buffer to print.
		0: Buffer-0 1: Buffer-1
		◆ ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer finishes printing.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.
		Note: Security Erase must be done after the ink is printed on the film
		and before it is not retransferred. This function is available only
		for the usage of YMCK ink, YMCK-UV ink and YMCK-K ink.

5.7 Moving & Discharging Card

5.7.1 Card Load Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_LoadCard	Load the card to the specified position by using Media Control
	(int iSlot, int iID,	command. The card is discharged from NG card outlet if NG card
	int iDest,	outlet is specified as Destination.
	int iFlip,	iDest: Destination to move card.
	int iFilmInit,	0: Retransfer position
	int ilmmed)	1: Contact IC encoder
		2: No-contact IC encoder
		3: MG encoder
		4: NG Card outlet. Card is discharged from printer.
		iFlip: Specify whether turn over the card or not.
		0: Not turn over
		1: Turn over the card before arriving at the destination.
		◆ iFilmInit: Specify whether Film position is adjusted or not. This
		setting is effective only when Destination is NG Card outlet.
		0: Not adjusted. 1: Adjusted.
		◆ ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer finishes loading.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.

Note1: Film position must be adjusted by setting iFilmInit 1 if the part of retransfer film which is printed already is not used.

Note2: Error will be returned if CXCMD_LoadCard() is used when there is a card in the printer, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

5.7.2 Card Move Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_MoveCard	Move the card to the specified Destination by using Media Control
	(int iSlot, int iID,	command. The card is discharged from NG card outlet if NG card
	int iDest,	outlet is specified as Destination.
	int iFlip,	iDest: Destination to move card.
	int iFilmInit,	0: Retransfer position
	int ilmmed)	1: Contact IC encoder
		2: No-contact IC encoder
		3: MG encoder
		4: NG Card outlet. Card is discharged from printer.
		 iFlip: Specify whether turn over the card or not.
		0: Not turn over
		1: Turn over the card before arriving at the destination.
		♦ iFilmInit: Specify whether Film position is adjusted or not. This
		setting is effective only when Destination is NG Card outlet.
		0: Not adjusted. 1: Adjusted.
		◆ ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer finishes moving.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.

Note1: Film position must be adjusted by setting iFilmInit 1 if the part of retransfer film which is printed already is not used.

Note2: Error will be returned if CXCMD_MoveCard() is used when there is no card in the printer, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

5.8 Retransfer on the card

5.8.1 Retransfer Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_RetransferAndEject	Retransfer the image printed on the film to the card, and
	(int iSlot, int iID,	Discharge the card to the card outlet by using Media Control
	int ilmmed)	command.
		ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer discharged the card.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.
2	int CXCMD_RetransferAndTurn	Retransfer the image printed on the film to the card, and Move
	(int iSlot, int iID,	the card to Retransfer Position after card is turned over by using
	int ilmmed)	Media Control command.
		ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer finishes retransfer and turning the
		card.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.
3	int CXCMD_Retransfer	Retransfer the image printed on the film to the card, and move
	(int iSlot, int iID,	the card to Retransfer Position by using Media Control
	int ilmmed)	Command.
		ilmmed: Specify immediate flag which decides when printer
		reply.
		0: Reply after printer finishes retransfer and turning the
		card.
		1: Reply immediately after printer accepts the command.

Note: Error will be returned if CXCMD_RetransferAndEject() and CXCMD_RetransferAndTurn() are used when the card is not located at Retransfer position, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

Note: CXCMD_Retransfer() is added for UV. As the UV image gives a bad influence to the durability of the YMC ink if they are retransferred together, the UV image should be retransferred after YMC(K) have been retransferred.

5.9 Magnetic Encoding

5.9.1 Writing Function (For JIS)

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_WriteMagData	Write data to magnetic stripe by using Magnetic Data Write
	(int iSlot, int iID,	command.
	BYTE *pbyBuff,	◆ pbyBuff: Data to write. The code is ASCI character.
	int iLength,	◆ iLength: Size of data in byte.
	int iMagFormat)	♦ iMagFormat: Specify kind of MG encoding.
		0x07:JIS-2(7bits) 69 characters at most

Note: Error will be returned if CXCMD_WriteMagData() is used when the card is not located at MAG encoder position, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

5.9.2 Reading Function (For JIS)

No.	Function Name	Explanation	
1	int CXCMD_ReadMagData	Read data from magnetic stripe by using Magnetic Data Read	
	(int iSlot, int iID,	command.	
	BYTE *pbyBuff,	◆ pbyBuff: Pointer to the memory which MG data is stored.	
	int *piLength,	Data is set with ASCII character.	
	int iMagFormat)	piLength: Size of data in byte is set.	
		iMagFormat: Specify kind of MG encoding.	
		0x07:JIS-2(7bits) 69 characters maximum	

Note: Error will be returned if CXCMD_ReadMagData() is used when the card is not located at MAG encoder position, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

5.9.3 Writing Function (For ISO)

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int	Write data to the ISO MG stripe on the card by using ISO 3 Track
	CXCMD	Magnetic Data Write command.
	_WriteISO3TrackMagData	◆ iTrack1MagFormat: Specify the format of Track1.
	(int iSlot, int iID,	0x00: Not to write
	int iTrack1MagFormat,	0xa6: Write as ISO 6 unit code. Max 76 characters
	BYTE * pbyTrack1Buff,	0xa7: Write as ISO 7 unit code. Max 69 characters
	int iTrack1DataLength,	0xa8: Write as ISO 6 unit code. Max 79 characters
	int iTrack2MagFormat,	◆ pbyTrack1Buff: Data to write to track 1. The data must be
	BYTE * pbyTrack2Buff,	set with ASCII.
	int iTrack2DataLength,	◆ iTrack1DataLength: Size of data in pbyTrack1Buff.
	int iTrack3MagFormat	◆ iTrack2MagFormat: Specify the format of Track2.
	BYTE * pbyTrack3Buff,	0x00: Not to write
	int iTrack3DataLength	0xb4: Write as ISO 4 unit code. Max 37 characters
)	◆ pbyTrack2Buff: Data to write to track 2. The data must be
		set with ASCII.
		◆ iTrack2DataLength: Size of data in pbyTrack2Buff.
		◆ iTrack3MagFormat: Specify the format of Track3.
		0x00: Not to write
		0xc4: Write as ISO 4 unit code. Max 104 characters
		0xc7: Write as ISO 7 unit code. Max 69 characters
		0xc6: Write as ISO 6 unit code. Max 79 characters
		◆ pbyTrack3Buff: Data to write to track 3. The data must be
		set with ASCII.
		◆ iTrack3DataLength: Size of data in pbyTrack3Buff.

Note: Error will be returned if CXCMD_WriteISO3TrackMagData() is used when the card is not located at MAG encoder position, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

5.9.4 Reading Function (For ISO)

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int	Read data from the ISO MG stripe on the card by using ISO 3
	CXCMD	Track Magnetic Data Read command.
	_ReadISO3TrackMagData	◆ iTrack1MagFormat: Specify the format of Track1.
	(int iSlot, int iID,	0x00: Not to read
	int iTrack1MagFormat,	0xa6: Read as ISO 6 unit code. Max 76 characters
	BYTE *pbyTrack1Buff,	0xa7: Read as ISO 7 unit code. Max 69 characters
	int *piTrack1DataLength,	0xa8: Read as ISO 6 unit code. Max 79 characters
	int iTrack2MagFormat,	◆ pbyTrack1Buff: Data of track 1. The data is set in ASCII.
	BYTE *pbyTrack2Buff,	◆ iTrack1DataLength: Size of data in pbyTrack1Buff is set.
	int *piTrack2DataLength,	◆ iTrack2MagFormat: Specify the format of Track2.
	int iTrack3MagFormat,	0x00: Not to read
	BYTE *pbyTrack3Buff,	0xb4: Read as ISO 4 unit code. Max 37 characters
	int *piTrack3DataLength	◆ pbyTrack2Buff: Data of track 2. The data is set in ASCII.
)	◆ iTrack2DataLength: Size of data in pbyTrack2Buff is set.
		◆ iTrack3MagFormat: Specify the format of Track3.
		0x00: Not to read
		0xc4: Read as ISO 4 unit code. Max 104 characters
		0xc7: Read as ISO 7 unit code. Max 69 characters
		0xc6: Read as ISO 6 unit code. Max 79 characters
		◆ pbyTrack3Buff: Data of track 3. The data is set in ASCII.
		◆ iTrack3DataLength: Size of data in pbyTrack3Buff is set.

Note: Error will be returned if CXCMD_ReadISO3TrackMagData() is used when the card is not located at MAG encoder position, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

5.10 IC Encoding

5.10.1 IC Control Function

No.	. Function Name Explanation	
1	int CXCMD_ICControl	Perform the procedure for IC encoding by using IC Control
	(int iSlot,int iID,	command.
	int ilCType,	ilCType: Type of IC encoding.
	int iAction)	0: Contact IC encoding
		1: No-Contact IC encoding
		iAction: Action of IC encoder.
		0: Contact 1: Release

Note1: Error will be returned if CXCMD_ICControl() is used when the card is not located at the appropriate IC encoder position, and positive value will be returned if it is issued while the printer is on the way of moving card or retransfer. Retry with a little waiting if positive value is returned.

Note2: CXCMD_MoveCard() is rejected as error after CXCMD_ICControl() is issued with iAction=0. It is required to issue XCMD_ICControl() with iAction=1 before moving card even if it is for No-Contact IC encoding.

5.11 Initializing Printer

5.11.1 Rezero Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_RezeroUnit	Initialize printer by using Rezero command. Printer discharges
	(int iSlot, int iID,	the card and adjusts both Retransfer position and Ink position.
	int iAction)	iAction: designate initialization
		0: execute standard mechanical initialization.
		1: release Power Save mode. No mechanical working.

5.12 Getting information and Changing setting

5.12.1 Inquiry Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation		
1	int CXCMD_StandardInquiry	Get	Inquiry Data from the printer by using Inquirycommand.	
	(int iSlot, int iID,	•	pbyBuffer: Inquiry data is stored. 96 bytes or more memory	
	BYTE *pbyBuffer)		is required.	

1) Standard Inquiry Data format

Device Type(2: Printer)	,	. ,										
1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
2	0			Ι	Device Type	e(2: Printer	-)					
Reserved	1	0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0									
4	2	0	0 0 0 0 0 1 0									
Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version Freduction (ASCII) Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version Table Version (ASCIII): Printer Table Version Table Version Table Version Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version Table Version Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version Table	3		Rese	erved		0	0	1	0			
7 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 16-31 Product Identification (ASCII) 32-39 Printer Firmware Version (ASCII) 40 MG Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 41 IC Contact Option (Binary): None:0,IsO:1,JIS:2 42 Contact IC R/W Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 43 IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	4			Α	dditional L	ength (0x5	b)					
Product Identification (ASCII) 32-39 Printer Firmware Version (ASCII) 40 MG Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 41 IC Contact Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 42 Contact IC R/W Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 43 IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	5-6				Rese	erved						
32-39 Printer Firmware Version (ASCII) 40 MG Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 41 IC Contact Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 42 Contact IC R/W Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 43 IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	7	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0			
40 MG Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 41 IC Contact Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 42 Contact IC R/W Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 43 IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	16-31			Pro	duct Identif	ication (AS	SCII)					
41 IC Contact Option (Binary): None:0,ISO:1,JIS:2 42 Contact IC R/W Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 43 IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	32- 39			Printe	er Firmware	e Version (A	ASCII)					
42 Contact IC R/W Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 43 IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	40			MG Optio	n (Binary)	: None:0,IS	SO:1,JIS:2					
IC Antenna (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 44 Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 45 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	41		IC (Contact O	ption (Bina	ary): None	:0,ISO:1,JI	S:2				
Turn Over Unit Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 Reserved Reserved Teleminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	42		Conta	act IC R/W	Option (B	inary): No	ne:0,Insta	lled:1				
Bend Remedy Heat Roller Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 Reserved Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	43			IC Antenr	na (Binary)	: None:0,I	nstalled:1					
46 Security Lock Option (Binary): None:0,Installed:1 47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	44		Turn	Over Unit	Option (B	inary): No	ne:0,Instal	lled:1				
47 Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1 48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	45		Bend Rem	edy Heat I	Roller Opti	on (Binary	y): None:0	,Installed:	1			
48-49 Reserved 50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	46		Secu	rity Lock	Option (Bi	nary): Noi	ne:0,Instal	led:1				
50-57 Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version 58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	47		Laminator (Binary): None:0,Connected:1									
58-70 Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information 71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	48-49		Reserved									
71-78 Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version 79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	50-57	Laminator Version (ASCII): Laminator Firmware Version										
79-86 Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version	58-70	Thermal Head Information (ASCII): Thermal Head information										
, ,	71-78		Config Version (ASCII): Printer Configuration Version									
87-95 Reserved	79-86		Table Version (ASCII): Printer Table Version									
	87-95				Rese	erved						

Note: The version of the option unit which is not attached is filled with '?'.

5.12.2 Mode Sense Function

ctic	nction I	Nam	ne							E	Expla	anatio	n					
Mc	_Mode	eSen	nse	Get	t N	Mode	Se	nse	Dat	ta fi	rom	print	er b	y usin	ng	Mode	Se	nse
t ill	nt iID,			com	nm	nand.												
	·,			♦	iF	PC: F	Page	Co	ntrol	. Th	is m	ust b	e 1. (0 is on	ıly 1	for the	e tes	ting
e,	ge,				а	nd it	s be	havi	or is	not	gua	rante	ed.					
Вι	yBuffe	er)		♦	iF	Page	: Ch	oose	one	e of	follo	wing	Mode	e Sens	se [Data.		
						0x2	:3: Ir	ık In	form	atio	n Da	ata						
						0x2	8: P	rint l	Jnit	Info	rmat	tion D	ata					
						0x2	a: E	nco	de U	nit lı	nforr	matio	n Dat	ta				
						0x2	C: L	amir	nato	r Un	it Inf	forma	ition [Data				
						0x2	:D: N	letw	ork I	nfor	mati	on Da	ata					
				•	р	byBu	uffer:	Ро	inter	to	the	men	nory	to sto	re	Mode	Se	nse
					Е	Data.												
					Т	he s	ize c	of me	emor	y m	ust k	oe;						
					(4	4+40) byt	es a	t lea	st if	Ink	Inforr	natio	n Data	ì.			
					(4	4+ <mark>60</mark>) byt	es a	t lea	st if	Prin	nt Uni	t Info	rmatio	n E	Data.		
					(4	4+10) byt	es a	t lea	st if	Enc	ode l	Unit I	nforma	atio	n Dat	a.	
					(4	4+24) byt	es a	t lea	st if	Lan	ninato	or Un	it Infor	ma	ition D	ata.	
					(4	4+ <mark>10</mark>	0) b	ytes	at le	ast	if Ne	etwork	k Info	rmatio	n [Data.		
					·													ata.

Note: Mode Data Header is stored at the top of 4 bytes. Actual data is stored from 5th byte.

1)Mode Sense Data format

(1) Mode Sense Data Header

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0			М	ode Sense	Data Leng	th		
1				Rese	erved			
2	Reserved	0	0	1		Rese	erved	
3		Reserved						

Mode Sense Data Length: It is the number that is subtracted by 1 from the size of Mode Sense Data in byte.

(2) Ink Information Data (Page Code = 23H)

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0			Page Co	de (0x23)		
1			Page Spe	ecific Parar	neter Leng	th (0x26)		
2				Ink (Code			
3				Rese	erved			
4	(MSB)		Nu	mber of Se	t of Ink Pa	nel		
5								(LSB)
6				Rese	erved			
7	Reserved							
8-39	Lot Number (ASCII)							
0-39	Only first 6 bytes are meaningful. The rest are filled with 0.							

Ink Code: Specifies the kind of the ink.

0x00: YMCK 0x01: Reserved 0x02: YMCK-PO 0x03: K

0x04: YMCKK 0x05: YMCK-UV

0xFF: Unknown(Unable to communicate with TAG Reader Writer)

0xFE: Unknown(Ink TAG is not found)

0xFD: Unknown(Communication error happens between TAG)

0xFC: Unknown(Invalid TAG data)

Number of Set of Ink Panel: The number of cards being printed by the ink normally.

Lot Number: The lot number of the ink. It is set by ASCII characters.

Note: Lot Number will be filled with zero if Ink Code is from 0xfc to 0xff.

(3) Print Unit Information Data (Page Code = 0x28)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0			Page Co	de (0x28)		
1			Page Sp	ecific Paraı	meter Leng	ıth (<mark>0x3a</mark>)		
2-3				Rese	erved			
4	(MSB)		Bas	sic Resoluti	on X (0x01	2C)		
5								(LSB)
6	(MSB)		Bas	sic Resoluti	on Y (0x01	2C)		
7								(LSB)
8			Н	IR Tempera	ature Contr	ol		
9				K-YMC E	co Mode			
10-11				Rese	erved			
12	(MSB)			Card	Size X			
13								(LSB)
14	(MSB)			Card	Size Y			
15								(LSB)
16				MG Pe	el Mode			
17				MG-I	Vodo			
18				IC Mode	(Contact)			
19			#	C Mode (C	ontacties)		
20				Film	Code			
21				lnk (Code			
22				Card	Code			
23				Standb	y Mode			
24	(MSB)			Print Po	sition X			
25								(LSB)
26	(MSB)			Print Po	sition Y			
27								(LSB)
28	(MSB)			Print	Size X			
29								(LSB)
30	(MSB)			Print	Size Y			
31								(LSB)
32				Rese	erved			
33			Heat Ro	oller Tempe	erature (Re	transfer)		

34	Velocity (Retransfer)
35	Velocity (Retransfer Back)
36	Heat Roller Temperature (Card Fix)
37	Velocity (Card Fix)
38	Reserved
39	Peel Wait Time
40	Card Loading
41	Resin Black Level
42	Resin Black Mode
43	A0 (UV) Level
44	A1 (PO) Level
45	Buzzer Mode
46	Power Save Mode
47	Film Quantity
48	Ink Quantity
49	Card Quantity
50	YMC Level
51	Display Contrast
52	Reserved (0xff)
53	Display Mode
54	Display Counter
55	Security Lock
56	Velocity of the front side 2nd retransfer (UV)
57	Velocity of the back side 2nd retransfer (UV)
58	Backside Cooling
59	Reserved (0xff)

Basic Resolution X: Horizontal resolution in DPI. Actual resolution is about 300.59dpi.

Basic Resolution Y: Vertical resolution in DPI. Actual resolution is about 300.59dpi.

HR Temperature Control:

When this is enabled, the printer decrease the heat roller temperature when the card is not printed for 30 minutes.

0: Disabled 1: Enabled

K-YMC Eco Modo: When the top side is K and bottom side is YMC printing, it is deleted because of the always 1 Patch printing.

Card Size X: Horizontal Card size in Basic Resolution X.

Card Size Y: Vertical Card size in Basic Resolution Y.

MG Peel Mode:

When it is enabled, the way of peeling off the retransfer film after the back side is retransferred is changed. It should be disabled if there is no **JIS** MG stripe on the back side. This is effective only when **JIS** MG Encoder is attached.

0: Disabled 1: Enabled

MG Mode: MG unit is installed. Response for this command is deleted. Unify Inquiry response.

IC Mode (Contact): Contact IC is installed. Response for this command is deleted. Unify Inquiry response.

IC Mode (Contactless): Contactless IC Antenna is installed. Response for this command is deleted. Unify Inquiry response.

Film Code: The kind of retransfer film.

0: Standard (1000 panels)

2: Standard (750panels)

Ink Code : It shows the kind and the status of ink ribbon, Unify Ink Code in Ink Information Data.

Card Code: The kind of Card.

0: Standard (Print Range is 1036 x 664 pixel)

2: Thin card (Card thickness is 0.25mm)

Standby Mode:

This specifies when the printer waits for the laminator becoming ready. This is effective only when both side printing and the laminator is attached.

0: Before retransferring the front side 1: Before retransferring the back side

Print Position X: The location of the maximum printable area from left edge of the card is specified by the unit of Basic Resolution X.

Print Position Y: The location of the maximum printable area from top edge of the card is specified by the unit of Basic Resolution Y.

Print Size X: The width of the maximum printable area by the unit of Basic Resolution X.

Print Size Y: The height of the maximum printable area by the unit of Basic Resolution Y.

Heat Roller Temperature for Retransfer: From 0(Low) to 4(High).

Velocity for the front side Retransfer: From 0(Fast) to 5(Slow).

Velocity for the back side Retransfer: From 0(Fast) to 5(Slow).

Heat Roller Temperature for Card Fix: From 0(Low) to 5(High).

Velocity for Card Fix: From 0(Slow) to 4(Fast).

Peel off Wait Time: Wait time in second before peel. From 0 to 15(in seconds).

This setting becomes invalid.

Card Leading: It is deleted. Card is supplied from Card hopper always.

Revision Number: Revision Number of Print Unit Information Data.

Resin Black Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Resin Black Mode: 0:Standard 1:Fine

A0 (UV) Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

A1 (PO) Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Buzzer Mode: 0: Buzzer is enabled 1: Buzzer is disabled

Power Save Mode: Power Save Mode enabled time in minuites.

0: 5(min) 1: 10 2: 15 3: 20

4: 25 5: 30 6: 45 7: 60 8: Off

Film Quantity: Usable retransfer film quantity. From 0(None) to 10(Full).

Ink Quantity: Usable ink quantity. From 0(None) to 50(Full).

Card Quantity: Card quantity in the card tray.

0: Greater than 25 cards 1: From 1 to 24 cards 2: No cards

3: Right Side Card loading mode

0: None 2: Any

YMC Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Display Contrast: LCD Contrast.

0: -3 1: -2 2: -2 3: 0

4: +1 5: +2 6: +3

Display Mode: Contents in the LCD. When the laminator is not connected, it shows the Counter.

When the laminator has malfunction, it shows the contents of malfunction.

0: Counter 1: Laminator Status

Display Counter: The kind of Counter in the LCD.

0: Total Counter 1: Head Counter

2: Free Counter 3: Cleaning Counter 4: Error Counter

Security Lock: The status of the security lock.

0: Unlocked 1: Locked

Velocity of the front side 2nd retransfer(UV): The velocity for the 2nd retransfer of UV on the front side. From 0(+2:Fast) to 5(-3:Slow).

Velocity of the back side 2nd retransfer(UV): The velocity for the 2nd retransfer of UV on the back side. From 0(+2:Fast) to 5(-3:Slow).

Backside Cooling: Wait a little before the retransfer of the back side to decrease the card bending. 0: Off 1: On

(4) Encode Unit Information Data (Page Code = 0x2a)

Bit Byte	7	6	5 4 3 2 1 0							
0	0	0			Page Co	de (0x2a)				
1			Page Spe	ecific Parar	meter Leng	th (0x08)				
2				ISO I	Mode					
3				JIS N	/lode					
4-6				Rese	erved					
7		Write Retry								
8		Reserved								
9	Reserved									

ISO Mode: Coercivity of ISO MG encoder.

0: No ISO MG encoder 1: 300 Oo (Lo-Co)

2: 2750 Oo (Hi-Co)

0: Lo-Co (300 Oe) 1: Hi-Co

JIS Mode: Coercivity of JIS MG Encoder.

0: Lo-Co 1: Hi-Co (2750Oe)

Write Retry: Retry count of MG writing when it fails. From 0 to 3.

(5) Laminator Unit Information Data Page (Page Code = 0x2c)

Note: The whole contents in this page was revised because the connected laminator is different.

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0			Page Co	de (0x2c)		
1			Page Sp	ecific Parar	meter Leng	th (0x16)		
2				Lamina	te Mode			
3				Film 1	Туре			
4				Film T F	Position			
5				Heat Roll	er T Temp			
6				Laminat	e Speed			
7				Cas	sette			
8			L	aminate C	ooling Tin	10		
9		HR Control						
10-13	Reserved							
14		Film B Type						
15		Film B Position						

16	Heat Roller B Temp
17-23	Reserved

Note: In "Film T Type" and "Film B Type", T(Top) means the lamination function on the top side of the card.. B(Bottom) means the lamination function on the bottom side of the card.

Laminate Mode: The way of lamination

0: Laminate 1: Pass through

Film T Type: The type of lamination film on the top side.

0: Patch 1: Overlay

Film T Position = The position of lamination start (±X direction) on the top side.

From 0(-7) to 14(+7)

Heat Roller T Temp: The heat roller temperature setting on the top side lamination.

0: 90centigrade 1: 95centigrade 2: 100centigrade 3: 105centigrade 4: 110centigrade 5: 115centigrade 6: 120centigrade 7: 125centigrade 8: 130centigrade 9: 135centigrade 10: 140centigrade 11: 145centigrade 12: 150centigrade 13: 155centigrade 14: 160centigrade 15: 165centigrade 16: 170centigrade 17: 175centigrade 20: 190contigrado 18: 180centigrade 19: 185contigrado

21: 195contigrado 22: 200contigrado

Laminate Speed: The laminate speed setting.

0: 3.0mm/s 1: 3.5mm/s 2: 4.0mm/s 3: 4.5mm/s 4: 5.0mm/s 5: 5.5mm/s 6: 6.0mm/s 7: 6.5mm/s 8: 7.0mm/s 9: 7.5mm/s 10: 8.0mm/s 11: 8.5mm/s 12: 9.0mm/s 13: 9.5mm/s 14: 10.0mm/s 15: 10.5mm/s

16: 11.0mm/s 17: 11.5mm/s 18: 12.0mm/s

Cassette: The provision of film cassette.

0: not provided 1: provided for the top side

2: provided for the bottom side 2: provided for the top and bottom side

Laminate Cooling Time: Laminate cooling time setting.

0: 0sec 1: 5sec 2: 7sec 3: 10sec

4: 15sec 5: 20sec 6: 30sec

HR Control: In the case of "On", the heat roller temperature falls to 180 centigrade when the laminator dose not work in 30 minutes.

0: Off 1: On

Film B Type: The type of the lamination film on the bottom side.

0: Patch 1: Overlay

Note)

If the temperature setting

is over 180 centigrade, it

becomes 180 centigrade.

Film B Position: The position of lamination start (±X direction) on the bottom side.

From 0(-7) to 14(+7)

Heat Roller B Temp: The heat roller temperature setting on the bottom side lamination.

0: 90centigrade 1: 95centigrade 2: 100centigrade 3: 105centigrade 4: 110centigrade 5: 115centigrade 6: 120centigrade 7: 125centigrade 8: 130centigrade 9: 135centigrade 10: 140centigrade 11: 145centigrade 12: 150centigrade 13: 155centigrade 14: 160centigrade 17: 175centigrade 15: 165centigrade 16: 170centigrade 18: 180centigrade 19: 185centigrade 20: 190centigrade 21: 195centigrade 22: 200centigrade

Note)

If the temperature setting is over 180 centigrade, it becomes 180 centigrade.

(6) Network Information Data Page (Page Code = 0x2d)

(O) NCLWOIK			· •.9• (. ·	.90 00	<u> </u>				
Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	0	0			Page Co	de (0x2D)			
1			Page Sp	ecific Parar	meter Leng	th (0x62)			
2-5	(MSB)			IP Addres	s (Binary)			(LSB)	
6-9	(MSB)		;	Sub Net Ma	ask (Binary	·)		(LSB)	
10-13	(MSB)	MSB) Default Gateway (Binary) (LSB)							
14				Session	Timeout				
15				DH	ICP				
16				Hos	t I/F				
17-26				Printer Na	me (ASCII))			
27				IPSec	Mode				
28				IPSed	Туре				
29			IPv	6 Subnet	Prefix Len	gth			
30			IPv	6 Address	Configura	tion			
31-46			IPv6	Default Ga	ateway Ad	dress			
47-62	IPv6 Address								
63-79				Rese	erved				

Session Timeout:

This specifies the time out interval to detects the disconnection from the host on TCP print session..

0 is recommended.

0: Disabled 1: 10 minuets 2: 20 minuets 3: 30 minuets

4: 60 minuets

DHCP:

0: Enabled 1: Disabled

HOST I/F:

0: Ethernet I/F 1: USB I/F

Printer Name:

Logical name of the printer. The remainder is filled with 0 when the size of Printer name is less than 10.

IPSec Mode: 0: IPSec Function prohibit 1: IPSec Function work

Note) When IPSec Mode is not 0, IPSec dose not work in the case that IPSec Type is 0.

IPSec Type: 0: No Certificate 1: Preshared 2: Certificate

IPv6 Subnet Prefix Length: IPv6 Subnet Prefix length setting

From 0 to 128.

IPv6 Address Configuration: IPv6 Address configuration setting

0: Auto 1: Manual

Note) In the case of Auto, IP Address set by manual is not effective.

IPv6 Default Gateway Address: IPv6 Default Gateway Address setting

IPv6 Address: IPv6 Address setting

5.12.3 Mode Select Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_ModeSelect	Change printer setting by using Mode Select command.
	(int iSlot, int iID,	◆ iSp: Specify whether setting data is stored NVR(Non
	int iSp,	Volatile Memory) or not.
	int iPage,	Note: It should be set 0 always. In the case that the
	BYTE *pbyData)	setting is not kept in the EEPROM, the setting will be
		changed by Print Information Data Page. The setting in
		other pages will be kept always in the EEPROM.
		◆ iPage: Choose one of following Mode Select Data.
		0x28: Print Unit Information Data
		0x2a: Encode Unit Information Data
		0x2C: Laminator Unit Information Data
		0x2D: Network Information Data
		0x2B: Print Information Data
		Note: The setting in this page is not kept in the EEPROM.
		◆ pbyData: Pointer to the memory. Mode Select Data must
		have been set. The size of memory must be;
		32 bytes if Print Unit Information Data.
		10 bytes if Encode Unit Information Data.
		24 bytes if Laminator Unit Information Data.
		80 bytes if Network Information Data.
		24 bytes if Print Information Data.

Notice:

- 1. The data 0xff in the setting data has the following special meanings.
 - In the case of the setting is 0xff, this setting is not kept in the non volatile memory.
 - In the case of the setting is 0xff, the data in the non volatile memory is effective.
- 2. In Mode Select Data, please set 0 at the position of "Reserved". In the case of 0xff clearly, please set 0xff.

1) Mode Select Data format

(1) Print Unit Information Data (Page Code = 0x28)

0 0 0 Page Code (0x28) 1 Page Specific Parameter Length (0x1e) 2 IC Mode (Contact) Reserved (0xff) 3 IC Mode (Contactless) Reserved (0xff) 4 Heat Roller Temperature (Retransfer) 5 Velocity (Retransfer)	
2 IC Mode (Contact) Reserved (0xff) 3 IC Mode (Contactless) Reserved (0xff) 4 Heat Roller Temperature (Retransfer) 5 Velocity (Retransfer)	
3 IC Mode (Contactless) Reserved (0xff) 4 Heat Roller Temperature (Retransfer) 5 Velocity (Retransfer)	
4 Heat Roller Temperature (Retransfer) 5 Velocity (Retransfer)	
5 Velocity (Retransfer)	
0	
6 Velocity (Retransfer Back)	
7 Heat Roller Temperature (Card Fix)	
8 Velocity (Card Fix)	
9 K-YMC Ece Mede Reserved (0xff)	
10 Peel Wait Time	
11 MG Peel Mode	
12 Standby Mode	
13 Resin Black Level	
14 Resin Black Mode	
15 A0 (UV) Level	
16 A1 (PO) Level	
17 Film Code	
18 HR Temperature Control	
19 Card Code	
20 Card Leading Reserved (0xff)	
21 Buzzer Mode	
22 Power Save Mode	
23 YMC Level	
24 Display Contrast	
25 Reserved (0xff)	
26 Display Mode	
27 Display Counter	
28 Velocity of the front side 2nd retransfer (UV)	
29 Velocity of the back side 2nd retransfer (UV)	
30 Backside Cooling	

31 Reserved (0xff)

The contents in this page are kept always in the EEPROM. In the case that the setting is 0xff,it works according to the setting kept in the printer EEPROM, the items are not changed. Film Code setting will be effective after the reset. Other printing function setting will be effective from the next printing.

Heat Roller Temperature for Retransfer: From 0(Low) to 4(High).

Velocity for the front side Retransfer: From 0(Fast) to 5(Slow).

Velocity for the back side Retransfer: From 0(Fast) to 5(Slow).

Heat Roller Temperature for Card Fix: From 0(Low) to 5(High).

Velocity for Card Fix: From 0(Slow) to 4(Fast).

Peel off Wait Time: Wait time in second before peel. From 0 to 15(in seconds).

This setting becomes invalid. It does not give any influence to the printer.

MG Peel Mode:

When it is enabled, the way of peeling off the retransfer film after the back side is retransferred is changed. It should be disabled if there is no JIS MG stripe on the back side. This is effective only when JIS MG Encoder is attached.

0: Disabled 1: Enabled

Standby Mode:

This specifies when the printer waits for the laminator becoming ready. This is effective only when both side printing and the laminator is attached.

0: Before retransferring the front side 1: Before retransferring the back side

Resin Black Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Resin Black Mode:

0: Standard 1: Fine

A0 (UV) Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

A1 (PO) Energy Level: From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Film Code: The kind of retransfer film.

0: Standard (1000 panels)

2: Standard (750panels)

HR Temperature Control:

When this is enabled, the printer decrease the heat roller temperature when the card is not printed for 30 minutes.

0: Disabled 1: Enabled

Card Code: The kind of Card.

0: Standard (Print Range is 1036 x 664 pixel)

2: Thin card (Card thickness is 0.25mm)

Buzzer Mode:

0: Enable Buzzer 1: Disable Buzzer

Power Save Mode: Power Save Mode enabled time in minutes.

0: 5(min) 1: 10 2: 15 3: 20 4: 25 5: 30 6: 45 7: 60

8: Off

YMC Level: YMC Printing energy level setting. From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Display Contrast: LCD contrast setting.

0: -3 1: -2 2: -1 3: 0

4: +1 5: +2 6: +3

Display Mode: LCD display mode setting.

0: Counter 1: Laminator Status

Note) In the case that the connected laminator has malfunction, it shows the contents of the malfunction in the both setting. In the case that the laminator is not connected, it shows the kind of Counter.

Display Counter: The kind of Counter in LCD.

0: Total Counter 1: Head Counter

2: Free Counter 3: Cleaning Counter 4: Error Counter

Velocity of the front side 2nd retransfer(UV): The velocity for the 2nd retransfer of UV on the front side. From 0(+2:Fast) to 5(-3:Slow).

Velocity of the back side 2nd retransfer(UV): The velocity for the 2nd retransfer of UV on the back side. From 0(+2:Fast) to 5(-3:Slow).

Backside Cooling: Wait a little before the retransfer of the back side to decrease the card bending. 0: Off 1: On

(2) Encode Unit Information Data (Page Code = 0x2a)

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	0	0	Page Code (0x2A)						
1		Page Specific Parameter Length (0x08)							
2		ISO Mode							
3				JIS N	/lode				
4-6				Reserve	ed (0xff)				
7				Write	Retry				
8		Reserved (0xff)							
9		Reserved (0xff)							

The contents in this page are kept always in the EEPROM. In the case that the setting is 0xff, it works according to the setting kept in the printer EEPROM. The setting will be effective from the next printing.

ISO Mode: Coercivity ISO MG head.

0: No Operation. ISO Mode is not changed. 1: 300 Oo (Lo-Co)

2: 2750 Oo (Hi-Co)

0: Lo-Co (300 Oe) 2: Hi-Co

JIS Mode: Coercivity of JIS MG head.

0: Lo-Co 1: Hi-Co (2750Oe)

Write Retry: The number of write retries when MG reading or MG writing fails.

From 0 to 3.

(3) Laminator Unit Information Data Page (Page Code = 0x2c)

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	0	0 Page Code (0x2C)							
1		Page Specific Parameter Length (0x16)							
2		Laminate Mode							
3				Film 1	Г Туре				
4		Film T Position							
5		Heat Roller T Temp							
6				Laminat	e Speed				
7				Reserve	ed (0xff)				
8			L	aminate C	ooling Tin	ne			
9				HR C	ontrol				
10-13				Reserve	ed (0xff)				
14				Film E	3 Type				
15				Film B I	Position				
16				Heat Roll	er B Temp				
17-23		Reserved (0xff)							

T(Top) means the lamination function on the top of card and B(Bottom) means the lamination function on the bottom of card. In the case that the setting is 0xff, it works according to the setting kept in the laminator EEPROM. The settings in this page are kept in the laminator EEPROM. Film T Type and Film B Type setting will be effective after the laminator reset. Other laminate function setting will be effective from the next printing.

Laminate Mode: Laminate function setting.

0: Laminate 1: Pass through

Film T Type: Film Type on the top side of card.

0: Patch 1: Overlay

Film T Position: Move to the X direction of the laminate start on the top side of card.

From(0: -7) to (14: +7)

Heat Roller T Temp: Laminate Heat Roller temperature setting on the top side of card.

0: 90centigrade 1: 95centigrade 2: 100centigrade 3: 105centigrade 4: 110centigrade 5: 115centigrade 6: 120centigrade 7: 125centigrade 8: 130centigrade 9: 135centigrade 10: 140centigrade 11: 145centigrade 12: 150centigrade 13: 155centigrade 14: 160centigrade 15: 165centigrade 16: 170centigrade 17: 175centigrade

Note)

If the temperature setting is over 180 centigrade, it becomes 180 centigrade.

Laminate Speed: Laminate speed setting.

0: 3.0mm/s 1: 3.5mm/s 2: 4.0mm/s 3: 4.5mm/s 4: 5.0mm/s 5: 5.5mm/s 6: 6.0mm/s 7: 6.5mm/s 8: 7.0mm/s 9: 7.5mm/s 10: 8.0mm/s 11: 8.5mm/s 12: 9.0mm/s 13: 9.5mm/s 14: 10.0mm/s 15: 10.5mm/s

16: 11.0mm/s 17: 11.5mm/s 18: 12.0mm/s

Laminate Cooling Time: Laminate cooling time setting.

0: 0sec 1: 5sec 2: 7sec 3: 10sec

4: 15sec 5: 20sec 6: 30sec

HR Control: In the case of effective, the heat roller temperature falls to 180 centigrade when it dose not laminate in 30 minutes.

0: Off 1: On

Film B Type: Laminate film type on the bottom of card setting.

0: Patch 1: Overlay

Film B Position: Move to the X direction of the laminate film on the bottom of card.

From 0(-7) to 14(+7)

Heat Roller B Temp: Laminate heat roller temperature setting on the bottom of card.

0: 90centigrade 1: 95centigrade 2: 100centigrade 3: 105centigrade 4: 110centigrade 5: 115centigrade 6: 120centigrade 7: 125centigrade 8: 130centigrade 10: 140centigrade 9: 135centigrade 11: 145centigrade 12: 150centigrade 13: 155centigrade 14: 160centigrade 15: 165centigrade 17: 175centigrade 16: 170centigrade 18: 180centigrade 19: 185contigrado 20: 190contigrado

21: 195contigrado 22: 200contigrado

Note)

If the temperature setting is over 180 centigrade, it becomes 180 centigrade.

(4) Network Information Data Page (Page Code = 0x2d)

Bit			. 490 (. (
Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	0	0 Page Code (0x2d)							
1			Page Sp	ecific Parar	neter Leng	th (0x4e)			
2-5	(MSB)	MSB) IP Address (LSB							
6-9	(MSB)	MSB) Sub Net Mask							
10-13	(MSB)	(MSB) Default Gateway							
14				Session	Timeout				
15		DHCP							
16				Hos	t I/F				
17-26				Printer Nar	me (ASCII)				
27				IPSec	Mode				
28				Rese	rved				
29			IPv6 S	Subnet Pre	fix Length	(IPv6)			
30			IPv	6 Address	Configura	tion			
31-46	(MSB)	-							
47-62	(MSB)	(MSB) IPv6 Address-						(LSB)	
63-79				Rese	erved				

The contents in this pare are kept in the EEPROM. Except Printer Name and Session Timeout setting, the setting in this page will be effective after the power on. In the case that the setting is 0xff, it dose nor revive the setting in the EEPROM in this page, the effective setting will be kept as it is in the EEPROM.

Session Timeout:

This specifies the time out interval to detects the disconnection from the host on TCP print session.

0 is recommended. This becomes effective after it is set.

0: Disabled 1: 10 minuets 2: 20 minuets 3: 30 minuets 4: 60 minuets

DHCP:

0: Enabled 1: Disabled

HOST I/F:

0: Ethernet I/F 1: USB I/F

Printer Name:

Logical name of the printer. The remainder is filled with 0 when the size of Printer name is less than 10. This becomes effective after it is set.

IPSec Mode: 0: IPSec function prohibit 1: IPSec function work

Note) In the case that IPSec Type is 0(No Certificate), IPSec dose not work.

IPv6 Subnet Prefix Length: IPv6 Subnet Prefix length setting.

From 0 to 128

IPv6 Address Configuration: IPv6 Address configuration setting.

0: Auto 1: Manual

Note) In the case of Auto, Pv6 Address(Manual) is not effective.

IPv6 Default Gateway Address: IPv6 Default Gateway Address setting.

IPv6 Address: IPv6 Address setting.

(5) Print Information Data Page (Page Code = 0x2b)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0			
Byte											
0	0	5 , ,									
1		Page Specific Parameter Length (0x16)									
2		Heat Roller Temperature (Retransfer)									
3		Velocity (Retransfer Front)									
4			Ve	locity (Ret	ransfer Ba	ick)					
5			Heat R	oller Temp	erature (C	ard Fix)					
6				Velocity (Card Fix)						
7				Peel Wa	ait Time						
8		MG Peel Mode									
9				Standb	y Mode						
10				YMC	Level						
11				Resin Bla	ack Level						
12				A0 (UV) Level						
13				A1 (PO) Level						
14				Lamina	te Mode						
15				ISO Mode	(for MG)						
16				JIS Mode	(for MG)						
17				Write Retr	y (for MG))					
18				Resin Bla	ack Mode						
19		Ve	elocity of t	he front si	de 2nd ret	transfer (U	V)				
20		Ve	elocity of t	he back si	de 2nd ret	ransfer (U	V)				
21		Backside Cooling									
22-23				Reserve	ed (0xff)						

The settings in this pate are not kept in the EEPROM. In the case of 0xff, the setting in the EEPROM is effective. The setting will be effective from the next printing.

Heat Roller Temperature(Retransfer): From 0(Low) to 4(High)

Velocity (Retransfer/Front): From 0(Fast) to 5(Slow) Velocity (Retransfer/Back): From 0(Fast) to 5(Slow)

Heat Roller Temperature (Card Fix): From 0(Low) to 5(High)

Velocity (Card Fix): From 0(Slow) to 4(Fast), 10(Off)

Peel Wait Time: Peel wait time setting From 0(0 second) to 15(15 seconds)

This setting becomes invalid. It does not give any influence to the printer.

MG Peel Mode: The way of peeling retransfer film on the bottom of card. It is the special arrangement for the card magnetic side. In the case that the card dose not have magnetic stripe, do not set "On". Without magnetic encoder, it dose not work.

0: Off 1: On

Standby Mode: In the case of the dual printing with laminator, retransfer waiting setting.

0: Front Wait 1: Back Wait

YMC Level: YMC printing energy setting. From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Resin Black Level: Resin Black printing energy setting. From 0(Low) to 6(High).

A0 (UV) Level: UV ink printing energy setting. From 0(Low) to 6(High).

A1 (PO) Level: PO ink printing energy setting. From 0(Low) to 6(High).

Laminate Mode: Laminate function setting.

0: Laminate 1: Pass through

ISO Mode: Coercivity of ISO head setting.

0: 300Oe (Lo-Co) 1: 2750Oe (Hi-Co)

JIS Mode: Coercivity of JIS head setting.

0: 650Oe (Lo-Co) 1: 2750Oe (Hi-Co)

Write Retry: Magnetic write retry setting from 0 to 3

Resin Black Mode: Resin Black printing mode setting.

0: Standard 1: Fine

Velocity of the front side 2nd retransfer(UV): The velocity for the 2nd retransfer of UV on the front side. From 0(+2:Fast) to 5(-3:Slow).

Velocity of the back side 2nd retransfer(UV): The velocity for the 2nd retransfer of UV on the back side. From 0(+2:Fast) to 5(-3:Slow).

Backside Cooling: Wait a little before the retransfer of the back side to decrease the card bending. 0: Off 1: On

5.12.4 Log Sense Function

	9	
No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_LogSense	Get Log Sense Data from printer by using Log Sense command.
	(int iSlot, int iID,	iPage: Choose Log Sense data.
	int iPage,	0x38: Medium Quantity page
	BYTE *pbyBuffer)	0x39: Miscellaneous page
		0x3a: Laminator Counter Page
		◆ pbyBuffer: Pointer to the memory being stored Log Sense
		Data. The size of memory must be enough size to store Log
		Sense Data.

(1) Log Sense Data format (Medium Quantity Page : Page Code =0x38)

(·) = 0 g = 0 · · ·	1) Log Gense Data format (wediam Quantity 1 age 11 age Gode -0x00)								
Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	Rese	Reserved Page Code (0x38)							
1		Reserved							
2	(MSB)	(MSB) Page Length (0x0030)							
3		(LSB)						(LSB)	
4	(MSB)	ISB) Parameter Code (0x0000)							
5		(LSB)							
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7		Parameter Length (0x04)							
8	(MSB)	(MSB)							
9			Total cour	nt (The num	abor of prin	tod carde)			
10			Total Coul	it (The Hull	ibei oi piili	ileu carus)			
11								(LSB)	
12	(MSB)		D,	arameter C	odo (0v000	11)			
13			Г	arameter C	ode (oxooc) i)		(LSB)	
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
15			Р	arameter L	ength (0x0	4)			
16	(MSB)								
17	Free	count (The	number of	successfu	lly printed	cards. It ca	n be set to	zero)	
18				(Refer	Note1)				
19								(LSB)	

20	(MSB)		Da	wamatar C	ada (0::00	00)				
21	1		Pa	arameter C	ode (UXUU	02)		(LSB)		
22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
23			Pa	arameter L	ength (0x0	04)				
24	(MSB)									
25			Head co	ount(Numbe	er of printe	nd colors)				
26			rieau co	unt(Numb	er or printe	tu colors)				
27										
28	(MSB)		Da	rameter C	ode (0v00	N3)				
29		Parameter Code (0x0003)								
30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
31			Pai	rameter Le	ngth (0x00	004)				
32	(MSB)	(MSB) Cleaning count (Number of printed card. It is initialized to zero when Roller Cleaning is done)								
33	(Numb									
34	`	'					J	ŕ		
35								(LSB)		
35										
36	(MSB)		Pa	rameter C	ode (OvOO	104)				
37				Tameter O				(LSB)		
38				0x	:00					
39			Par	ameter Le	ngth (0x0	004)				
40	(MSB)			Error	Count					
41		(The numb			error card)			
42				(Refer	Note1)					
43	(LSB)									
44-51				Rese	erved					

Note1: Error Count is initialized when Free Count is initialized. And the relationship of Error Count and Free Count is following.

Error Count is Card load success count minus Free Count.

Free Count means the number of card which exit from left side of the printer without JAM after the retransfer printing, Card load success count dose not count card supply JAM card.

(2) Log Sense Data format (Miscellaneous Page : Page Code = 0x39)

Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0		
0	Pos	erved			Page Co	de (0x39)				
1	1,636	si veu		Rese	erved	ue (0x39)				
2	(MSB)			11030	,, vca					
3				Page Leng	th (0x0048)		(LSB)		
4	(MSB)							(LOD)		
5			Р	arameter C	ode (0000	H)		(LSB)		
6		00Н								
7			Pa	rameter Le	ength (0004	4H)				
8	(MSB)									
9	(Numbe	r of the car	ds which d		Count to the NG (Card Tray.	It is initializ	ed when		
10		(Number of the cards which discharged to the NG Card Tray. It is initialized when the NG Card Tray is drawn out. This is meaningful in case of Right Side Card								
11		Feeding Mode) Note: Respond 0 always (LSB)								
12	(MSB)	,								
13										
14		00Н								
15			Pa	rameter Le	ength (0004	4H)				
16	(MSB)									
17			Retra	ansfer HR I	Power On	Time.				
18	(It is a	accumulate	d by one c	n every 5 r	ninutes du	ring the he	ater is pow	ered.)		
19								(LSB)		
20	(MSB)		P	arameter C	nde (0002	H)				
21					0002	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		(LSB)		
22				00)H					
23			Pa	rameter Le	ngth (0004	4H)				
24	(MSB)									
25			Re	medy HR P	ower On T	īme				
26	(It is a	accumulate	d by one c	n every 5 r	ninutes du	ring the he	ater is pow	ered.)		
27								(LSB)		
28	(MSB)		P	arameter C	ode (0003	H)				
29						,		(LSB)		
30		00H								
31			Pa	rameter Le	ngth (0004	4H)				
32				Printer	Status					

33		Printer Error Status (Sense Key)	
34		Printer Error Status (Additional Sense Code)	
35		Printer Error Status (Additional Sense Qualifier)	
36	(MSB)	Parameter Code (0x0004)	
37		Parameter Code (0x0004)	(LSB)
38		0x00	
39		Parameter Length (0x0004)	
40	(MSB)		
41		Unresetable Retransfer HR Power On Time	
42		(Unresetable retransfer heat roller total power on time)	
43			(LSB)
44	(MSB)	Parameter Code (0x0005)	
45		Parameter Code (0x0005)	(LSB)
46		0x00	
47		Parameter Length (0x0004)	
48	(MSB)		
49		Unresetable Remedy HR Power On Time	
50		(Unresetable bend remedy heat roller total power on time)	
51			(LSB)
52	(MSB)	Parameter Code (0x0006)	
53		Farameter Code (0x0000)	(LSB)
54		0x00	
55		Parameter Length (0x0002)	
56		Laminator Status	
57		Laminator Error Status	
58-75		Reserved	

Printer Status: It reports the printer status.

0: Ready(Ready to load the card)
1: Initializing
3: Offline. Not ready by the setting mode or as like.
7: Preheating
51: Loading the card.
52: Moving the card.
53: MG Encoding

54: Rotransforring(Card is discharged after that)

55: Card is at the contact IC encoder. 56: Card is at the no-contact IC encoder.

57: Retransferring(Card is moved to Retransfer Origin)

61: Printing on the retransfer film. 62: Sleeping

63: Heating(The status that HR is revive the normal temperature from HR Control Mode.)

70: The card cannot pass the laminator-1 by the error of Laminator-1.

71: The card cannot pass the laminator-1 by the error of Laminator-2.

72: The card cannot pass the laminator-1 by the error of Turn Over Unit.

255: Any printer error. Printer Error Status shows the contents of the error.

Note: This status is not rigid. This purpose is to make it possible for the software to show the printer status to the operator.

Printer Error Status:

This reports the contents of the printer error in case of (Printer Status =255). Otherwise, this reports 0.

Printer Error Status (Sense Key): Sense Key is reported.

Printer Error Status (Additional Sense Code) Additional Sense Code is reported.

Printer Error Status (Additional Sense Qualifier): Additional Sense Qualifier is reported.

Note: Some of error status are reported as Printer Status. They are;

Busy of Transporting, Busy of Printing, Busy of Transporting and Printing, Preheating, Initializing, Testing or Cleaning, On Setting or Transport Mode, Sleeping

Laminator Status: Report the laminator status

0x00: Ready (Possible to laminate)

0x01: Power Saving

0x02: Low temperature waiting mode

0x0f: Download mode

0x10: Initializing0x11: Preheating0x12: Laminating0x13: Cleaning0x14: Sensor testing0x15: Motor testing

0xfe: Laminator is not connect
0xff: Laminator has malfunction

Laminator Error Status : Report the laminator malfunction. In the case that Laminator Status is not 255, it reports 00.

0x50: Card JAM (near the card entrance) 0x51: Card JAM (in the printer)

0x52: Card JAM (near the card exit)

0x53: No remains of upper film 0x54: No remains of lower film

0x55: Impossible to detect upper film (No film or broken)

0x56: Impossible to detect lower film (No film or broken)

0x57: Impossible to detect upper film mark

0x58: Impossible to detect lower film mark

0x59: Door open

0x5a: No cassette

0x60: Thermostat cut

0x61: Upper heat roller overheat 0x62: Lower heat roller overheat

0x63: Upper heater inside temperature overheat

0x64: Lower heater inside temperature overheat

0x65: Upper heater error 0x66: Lower heater error

0x67: Wire of upper heat roller thermistor is broken.

0x68: Wire of lower heat roller thermistor is broken.

0x6b: Upper heat roller cum error 0x6c: Lower heat roller cum error

0x6d: Over cool

0x6e: Supply side encoder error of upper film

0x6f: Supply side encoder error of lower film

0x70: Take up side encoder error of upper film

0x71: Take up side encoder error of lower film

0x7d: other errors

(3) Laminator Counters Page (Page Code = 0x3A)

Respond the following laminator information

Bit Byte	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
0	Rese	Reserved Page Code (0x3A)							
1		Reserved							
2	(MSB)	MSB) Page Length (0x0040)							
3				age Leng	tii (0X0040	')		(LSB)	
4	(MSB)		Do	romotor C	ada (0×00	00)			
5		Parameter Code (0x0000) (LSB						(LSB)	
6		0x00							

7	Parameter Length (0x0004)	
8	(MSB)	
9	Total Count	
10	(The number to total card issue. Unresetable.)	
11		(LSB)
12	(MSB)	
13	Parameter Code (0x0001)	(LSB)
14	0x00	
15	Parameter Length (0x0004)	
16	(MSB)	
17	Cleaning Count	
18	(The number of total card issue. Resetable every roller cleaning)	
19		(LSB)
20	(MSB)	
21	Parameter Code (0x0002)	(LSB)
22	0x00	
23	Parameter Length (0x0004)	
24	(MSB)	
25	Resetable Heat Roller T Power On Time	
26	(Resetable heat roller top total power on time)	
27		(LSB)
28	(MSB)	
29	Parameter Code (0x0003)	(LSB)
30	0x00	
31	Parameter Length (0x0004)	
32	(MSB)	
33	Resetable Heat Roller B Power On Time	
34	(Resetable heat roller bottom total power on time)	
35		(LSB)
36	(MSB)	
37	Parameter Code (0x0004)	(LSB)
38	0x00	
39	Parameter Length (0x0004)	
40	(MSB) Unresetable Heat Roller T Power On Time	
41	(Unresetable heat roller top total power on time)	
42		
	•	

43	<u> </u>		(LSB)
44	(MSB)	Devemator Code (0v0005)	
45		Parameter Code (0x0005)	(LSB)
46		0x00	
47		Parameter Length (0x0004)	
48	(MSB)		
49		Unresetable Heat Roller B Power On Time	
50		(Unresetable heat roller bottom total power on time)	
51			(LSB)
52	(MSB)	Parameter Code (0v0006)	
53		Parameter Code (0x0006)	(LSB)
54		0x00	
55		Parameter Length (0x0002)	
56	(MSB)	Heat Roller T Current Temperature	
57		(Heat Roller Top current temperature)	(LSB)
58	(MSB)	Peremeter Code (0v0007)	
59		Parameter Code (0x0007)	(LSB)
60		0x00	
61		Parameter Length (0x0002)	
62	(MSB)	Heat Roller B Current Temperature	
63		(Heat Roller Bottom current temperature)	(LSB)
64-75		Reserved	

5.12.5 Log Select Function

No.	Function Name	Explanation
1	int CXCMD_LogSelect	Initialize both Free Counter and Error Counter of the printer.
	(int iSlot, int iID,	Note: Set 0 always at iMod.
	int iMod)	

6. How to encode with Printer Driver

The printer drivers offers a function for encoding. Normally, It is not possible to pass the encode data to the printer driver. We offers two kinds of special way to it to the printer driver.

6.1 Inline Encoding

Encoding data can be passed to the printer driver as print data. A text preceding by the predefined prefix is not printed but encoded. Set the method of inline encoding in the "Inline type" of the Printer Driver. The default encoding is encoded without the ISO Magnetic encoding. If the text is regarded as the encoding data, both prefix and the text will be not printed.

6.1.1 Default Encoding

Adding a prefix (tilde(~), ?, or numeric characters) at the beginning of a text enables the string to be recognized as encoding data.

Prefix	Max	Code	Text after prefix	
	Length			
~?0	69	7 unit	Text is processed as the data for JIS-2 MG encoding.	
~?1	76	6 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track1 MG encoding	
~?2	37	4 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track2 MG encoding	
~?3	104	4 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track3 MG encoding	
~?4	32760	8 unit	Text is processed as the data for the contact IC encoding	
~?5	32760	8 unit	Text is processed as the data for the non-contact IC encoding	
~?6	69	7 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track1 MG encoding	
~?7	69	7 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track3 MG encoding	
~?8	79	6 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track1 MG encoding.	
~?9	79	6 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track3 MG encoding.	

^{*}Column "Max Length" shows the maximum number of encoding characters.

Note:

- Encoding setting of the printer driver property sheet must be enabled.
- Inline encoding data must be set on the first printed page.
- The prefix and text must be successive, and their font and size must be same.
- Effective code for MG encoding is shown at "Appendix: ASCII Code Table and Magnetic Data".
- In JIS-2 encoding, JIS Katakana characters are transformed to ASCII characters by inserting SI / SO control code by the printer driver.
- In case of both Contact IC encoding and Non-Contact IC encoding, the data being passed to IC Encode DLL(See 6.3) is ASCII single byte code. If other characters than ASCII are described, the value being passed to Encode DLL will not be guaranteed.

Following figure is an example for ISO MAG Track1 encoding. If following picture is printed, "12345678" will be encoded and "~?112345678" will be not printed.



~?112345678 90

ABCD

6.1.2 Type B Encoding

Adding a prefix (tilde(~), numeric characters or start sentinel) at the beginning of a text enables the string to be recognized as encoding data.

Prefix	Code	Text after prefix	Last
FIGUX	Code	rext after prefix	character
~1	6 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track1 MG	End
Start	7 unit	encoding	Sentinel
Sentinel			
~2	4 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track2 MG	End
Start		encoding	Sentinel
Sentinel			
~3	4 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track3 MG	End
Start	6 unit	encoding	Sentinel
Sentinel	7 unit		

Note:

- Encoding setting of the printer driver property sheet must be enabled.
- Inline encoding data must be set on the first printed page.
- The prefix and text must be successive, and their font and size must be same.
- The start sentinel determines the unit code. The end sentinel is needed at the last of character string. Effective code for MG encoding is shown at "Appendix: ASCII Code Table and Magnetic Data".

6.1.3 Type C Encoding

Adding a prefix (tilde(~), numeric characters or "=") at the beginning of a text enables the string to be recognized as encoding data.

Prefix	Max Length	Code	Text after prefix	
~1=	76	6 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track1 MG encoding	
~2=	37	4 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track2 MG encoding	
~3=	104	4 unit	Text is processed as the data for ISO track3 MG encoding	

^{*}Column "Max Length" shows the maximum number of encoding characters.

Note:

- Encoding setting of the printer driver property sheet must be enabled.
- Inline encoding data must be set on the first printed page.
- The prefix and text must be successive, and their font and size must be same.
- Effective code for MG encoding is shown at "Appendix: ASCII Code Table and Magnetic Data".

6.2 Encoding by using ExtEscape()

You can pass the encoding data to the printer driver by using ExtEscape() function of WIN32 API.

(1) Parameter to ExtEscape() function

```
int ExtEscape (
    HDC
                hdc,
                                     // Handle to the device context.
                                     // Escape ID.
    Int
                <u>nEscape,</u>
                                     // Size of encoding data.
    int
                <u>cbInput,</u>
    LPCSTR lpszlnData,
                                     // Encoding data.
                cbOutput,
    int
                                     // Unused.
    LPSTR
                <u>IpszOutData</u>
                                     // Unused.
    );
```

List of Escape ID

No	Escape ID	Explanation	
1	9010	Non-contact IC encoding.	
2	9011	Contact IC encoding.	
3	9020	JIS Magnetic encoding(7Unit, Max 69 characters)	
4	9021	ISO Track1 Magnetic encoding (6Unit, Max 76 characters)	
5	9022	ISO Track2 Magnetic encoding (4Unit, Max 37 characters)	
6	9023	ISO Track3 Magnetic encoding (4Unit, Max 104 characters)	
7	9024	ISO Track1 Magnetic encoding (7Unit, Max 69 characters)	
8	9025	ISO Track3 Magnetic encoding (7Unit, Max 69 characters)	
9	9026	ISO Track1 Magnetic encoding (6Unit, Max 79 characters)	
10	9027	ISO Track3 Magnetic encoding (6Unit, Max 79 characters)	

(2) Return Code from ExtEscape() function

It'll return greater than zero if the function is successful. It means not the result of encoding but the result of sending encoding data.

Note:

- ExtEscape() must be used between StartPage() and EndPage(). And if both sides are printed, ExtEscape() must be done at the 1st printing side.
- Encode setting of the printer driver property sheet must be enabled.

6.3 How to make IC Encoding program

The printer driver does not offer the actual IC encoding function. When IC Encoding data is passed to the printer driver, it calls IC Encode DLL after making the printer ready for IC Encoding. If you would like to do IC encoding, you must made IC Encode DLL and locate it in the system32 folder.

(1) File name of IC Encode DLL

```
PDR21IC0.DLL: For Non-contact IC encoding in case of USB interface.
```

PDR21IC1.DLL: For Contact IC encoding in case of USB interface.

PDR22IC0.DLL: For Non-contact IC encoding in case of Network interface.

PDR22IC1.DLL: For Contact IC encoding in case of Network interface.

(2) Function Prototype of IC Encode DLL

```
int stdcall Encode (
```

```
LPINT IpiPrinterAdr, // Pointer to the printer address.

LPINT IpiErrorCode, // Pointer to the error code(Not used).

LPSTR IpPrinterName, // Pointer to the printer name.

LPCSTR IpszInData, // Encoding data.

int cbInput // Size of encoding data.

);
```

Parametr	USB Interface	Network interface			
IpiPrinterAdr	ID of the printer.	Connection information to the			
	From bit0 to bit7: ID	printer.			
	From bit8 to bit15: Slot number				
IpiErrorCode	This is not used.				
IpPrinterName	Printer Name in ASCII. It can be set with the printer operation of				
	CXCMD_ModeSelect().				
IpszInData	Encoding data passed by Inline Encoding or ExtEscape().				
cpInput	Size of encoding data in byte.				

(3) Return Code from IC Encode DLL

It must return zero when the function ends successfully, and must return a negative value when an error happens. Printer Driver will discharge the card when a negative value is returned from DLL after the confirmation is done with the error dialog.

Note:

The processing of the printer driver to the return code from IC Encode DLL is changed as follows. This is applied to the printer driver version 3.0.0.9 and the later.

- 0: Success. The printer driver continues printing.
- 0x1001: Fail. The printer driver does not display an error dialog. It discharges the card and retries on a new card.
- 0x1002: Fail. The printer driver does not display an error dialog. It discharges the card and cancels the current Print Job.
- Negative, and other positive value than above: The printer driver displays an error dialog, and does further processing according to the operator's choice.

7. How to change the driver setting

The setting of the printer driver can be referred and changed by using ExtEscape() function.

7.1 How to use ExtEscape()

```
int ExtEscape (
    HDC
                                   // Handle to the device context.
               hdc,
    Int
               <u>nEscape</u>,
                                   // Escape ID.
    int
               <u>cbParameter,</u>
                                   // Size of the parameter data.
    LPCSTR lpszParameter,
                                   // Pointer to the parameter data.
               cbResult,
                                   // Size of the result area.
    int
    LPSTR
                                   // Pointer to the result area.
               <u>lpszResult</u>
    );
```

- > <u>nEscape</u>: Set 9100 for this purpose.
- > <u>cbParameter</u>: Set the length of Parameter in byte.
- > <u>IpszParameter</u>: Pointer to the Parameter memory.
- cbResult: Set the length of Result memory in byte.
- IpszResult : Pointer to the Result memory.

Note:

ExtEscape() must be used after StartDoc() and before StartPage().

7.2 Change the setting

1) Format of the parameter

Name	Command Code	ID	Size	Data(New value)
Length in byte	1	2	2	n
Value	'S'(0x53)	*1	*2	*1

^{*1:} Refer to "7.5 About the parameter".

2) Format of the result

(1) In case of success

Name	Error Code	Reserved
Length in byte	1	4
Value	0x00	Not defined

(2) In case of error

Name	Error Code	Error Code-A	Error Code-B
Length in byte	1	2	2
Value	0xff	*1	*1

^{*1:} Refer to "7.6 About the error code".

7.3 Get the current setting

1) Format of the parameter

Name	Command Code	ID
Length in byte	1	2
Value	'G'(0x47)	*1

^{*1:} Refer to "7.5 About the parameter".

2) Format of the result

(1) In case of success

Name	Error Code	ID	Size	Data(Current value)
Length in byte	1	2	2	n
Value	0x00	*1	*2	*1

^{*1:} Refer to "7.5 About the parameter".

^{*2:} Data length in byte.

^{*2:} Data length in byte.

(2) In case of error

Name	Error Code	Error Code-A	Error Code-B
Length in byte	1	2	2
Value	0xff	*1	*1

^{*1:} Refer to "7.6 About the error code".

7.4 Programming sample

1) Change the setting of "Number of copies" to 100

```
int
                   escape_id;
unsigned short
                   id, size;
unsigned long
                   data;
unsigned char
                   in[9], out[5];
int
                   ret;
unsigned short
                   error_code;
escape_id = 9100; id = 257; size = 4; data = 100;
in[0]
in[1]
         = (unsigned char)((id >> 8) & 0xFF);
in[2]
         = (unsigned char)(id);
in[3]
         = (unsigned char)((size >> 8) & 0xFF);
in[4]
         = (unsigned char)(size);
in[5]
         = (unsigned char)((data >> 24) & 0xFF);
in[6]
         = (unsigned char)((data >> 16) & 0xFF);
in[7]
         = (unsigned char)((data >> 8) & 0xFF);
in[8]
         = (unsigned char)(data);
ret = ExtEscape ( hDC, escape_id, sizeof(in), (const char*)in, sizeof(out), (char*)out );
if (ret > 0) {
                   // Succeed in calling ExtEscape()
if (out[0] == 0x00) {
                             // Succeed
} else {
                   // Error happens in the driver
// Get error code
    error_code = (unsigned short)((unsigned short)out[1] << 8 | out[2]);
}
                   //Fail in the ExtEscape()
} else {
}
```

2) Refer to the setting of "Number of copies".

```
int
                    escape_id;
unsigned short
                   id, size;
unsigned long
                   data;
unsigned char
                   in[3], out[9];
int
                   ret;
unsigned short
                   error_code;
escape_id = 9100; id = 257;
in[0]
         = 'G';
in[1]
         = (unsigned char)((id >> 8) & 0xFF);
in[2]
          = (unsigned char)(id);
ret = ExtEscape ( hDC, escape_id, sizeof(in), (const char*)in, sizeof(out), (char*)out );
if (ret > 0) {
                   // Succeed in calling ExtEscape()
    if (out[0] == 0x00) {
                             // Succeed
         size = (unsigned short)((unsigned short)out[3] << 8 | out[4]);
          data = (unsigned long)((unsigned long)out[5] << 24 | (unsigned long)out[6] << 16 |
                (unsigned long)out[7] << 8 | out[8]);
    } else {
                             // Error happens in the driver
         // Get error code
         error_code = (unsigned short)((unsigned short)out[1] << 8 | out[2]);</pre>
    }
} else {
                   //Fail in the ExtEscape()
}
```

7.5 About the parameter

Note: All value must be set with Big Endian.

Item Name	ATR	ID	Size	Data	Explanation
Number of copies	R/W	0x0101	0x0004	0x00000001	The value must be from 1 to 999.
				~	
				0x000003E7	
Card Load/Eject	R/W	0x0103	0x0004	0x00000000	Not turn the card.
settings				0x00000001	Turn the card before discharging(Not
					available)
				0x00000002	Turn the card after loading.
				0x00000003	Turn the card after loading and turn the
					card before discharging. (Not available)
Print	R/W	0x0201	0x0004	0x00000000	Not print
Print on both sides				0x00000010	Single side printing.
Print the back side first				0x00000020	Both side printing. Print front side fast.
				0x00000021	Both side printing. Print back side fast.
Print mode [Front side]	R/W	0x0202	0x0004	0x00000001	Use YMC ink for front side printing.
				0x00000002	Use K ink for front side printing.
				0x00000003	Use YMCK ink for front side printing.
				0x00000011	Use YMC & UV ink for front side printing.
				0x00000012	Use K & UV ink for front side printing.
				0x00000013	Use YMCK & UV ink for front side printing.
Print mode [Back side]	R/W	0x0203	0x0004	0x00000001	Use YMC ink for back side printing.
				0x00000002	Use K ink for back side printing.
				0x00000003	Use YMCK ink for back side printing.
				0x00000011	Use YMC & UV ink for back side printing.
				0x00000012	Use K & UV ink for back side printing.
				0x00000013	Use YMCK & UV ink for back side printing.

Item Name	ATR	ID	Size	Data	Explanation
Using of Resin K ink	R/W	0x0204	0x0004	0x00000010	Print black text of front side with K ink.
[Front side]				0x00000011	Print black text of front side with K and
					print its background with YMC.
				0x00000020	Print black color of front side with K ink.
				0x00000021	Print black color of front side with K and
					print its background with YMC.
				0x00000040	Use page split function.
Using of Resin K ink	R/W	0x0205	0x0004	0x00000010	Print black text of back side with K ink.
[Back side]				0x00000011	Print black text of back side with K and
					print its background with YMC.
				0x00000020	Print black color of back side with K ink.
				0x00000021	Print black color of back side with K and
					print its background with YMC.
				0x00000040	Use page split function.
Rotate by 180 [Front	R/W	0x0206	0x0004	0x00000000	Not rotate the image of front side.
side]				0x00000001	Make the front side image up side down.
Rotate by 180 [Back	R/W	0x0207	0x0004	0x00000000	Not rotate the image of back side.
side]				0x00000001	Make the back side image up side down.
Magnetic encoding	R/W	0x0301	0x0004	0x00000000	Disable MG encoding.
				0x00000010	Enable MG encoding.
				0x00000011	Turn the card after MG encoding.
Non-contact/Contact IC	R/W	0x0302	0x0004	0x00000000	Disable IC encoding.
encoding				0x00000010	Enable Contact IC encoding.
				0x00000011	Turn the card after Contact IC encoding.
				0x00000020	Enable No-Contact IC encoding.
				0x00000021	Turn the card after No-Contact IC
					encoding.
				0x00000030	Enable both Contact and No-Contact IC
					encoding.
				0x00000031	Turn the card after both Contact and
					No-Contact IC encoding.

Item Name	ATR	ID	Size	Data	Explanation
Printer Interface	R	0x0901	0x0005		If the interface is unknown;
Information					1st byte: 0x00
					From 2nd byte to 5th byte: Unpredictable
					Note: In the case of followings, Unknown
					happens.
					1) Printer driver is not connected to the
					port directly.
					2) Printer Pool is enabled, and multiple
					ports are specified.
					3) The setting of the port is invalid.
					If the interface is USB;
					1st byte: 0x01
					2nd byte: Slot number
					3rd byte: ID
					4th byte: Unpredictable
					If the interface is network;
					1st byte: 0x02
					From 2nd byte to 5th byte: IP address
					Ex) If IP address is 192.168.0.1;
					2nd byte: 192
					3rd byte: 168
					4th byte: 0
					5th byte: 1
					Note: In the case that the setting of the
					Port Monitor is either "No Selection" or "No
					Device", IP address is filled with 0.

7.6 About the error code

Note: All value is set with Big Endian.

No	Error code A	Error code B	Explanation			
1	0x0901	0x0000	0x0000 Invalid parameter was passed.			
2	0x0902	*	Length of data area is not enough.			
			Required length for the data is returned at Error code B.			

<Appendix 1 Error Code Table>

The configuration of error is shown in the table bellow. The error code in the table is transformed to positive by the calculation " (-1) * (Error code)". Detail of printer error code is shown in "Appendix Card Printer Error Code table".

Error Code(HEXA)				Explanation
Bit31-24	Bit23-16	Bit15-8	Bit7-0	
0x01	Sense	ASC	ASCQ	Error code from Card Printer: From bit 0 to bit 23 is an
	Key			error code sent from the printer.
0x02	00	XX	ΚX	Error of CX Port Manager. XXX means the contents of
				error.
0x02	01	XXX		Error of CX Port Manager: XXX is an Invalid SRB
				status value from Manager.
0x02	02	xxx		Error of CX Port Manager: XXX is an Invalid HA status
				value from Manager.
0x02	03	XXX		Error of CX Port Manager: XXX is an Invalid Target
				status value from Manager.
0x09		XXX		Other Error. XXX means the contents of error.

A) Driver Error (0x02xxxxxx)

Bit31-24	Bit23-16	Bit15-0	Explanation
(0x02)			
0x02	00	1	Not enough memory.
0x02	00	2	CX Port Manager is busy, and command cannot be
			accepted.
0x02	00	3	Command was aborted.
0x02	00	4	Time out.
0x02	00	5	No SCSI card.
0x02	00	6	CX Port Manager can not work. This means that the
			DLL of CX Port Manager could not be loaded.
0x02	01	XXXX	XXX is an Invalid SRB status value from CX Port
			Manager.
0x02	02	XXXX	XXX is an Invalid HA status value from CX Port
			Manager.
0x02	03	XXXX	XXX is an Invalid Target status value from CX Port
			Manager.

B) Others(0x09xxxxxx)

Bit31-24	Bit23-0	Explanation
(0x09)		
0x09	1	Invalid parameter, such as NULL pointer.
0x09	2	No printer is found.
0x09	3	Not enough memory.
0x09	4	File Operation Error: fail to read file, or file content is
		wrong.
0x09	5	Content of the DC is invalid: fail to get image from DC.

<Appendix 2 Magnetic Data Code>

4 unit code b4 b3 b2 b1								
b4	b3	b2	b1					
0	0	0	0	0	0			
0	0	0	1	1	1			
0	0	1	0	2	2			
0	0	1	1	3	3			
0	1	0	0	4	4			
0	1	0	1	5	5			
0	1	1	0	6	6			
0	1	1	1	7	7			
1	0	0	0	8	8			
1	0	0	1	9	9			
1	0	1	0	Α	:			
1	0	1	1	В	;			
1	1	0	0	O	٧			
1	1	0	1	D	=			
1	1	1	0	Е	^			
1	1	1	1	F	?			

Note: Special code

No.	Meaning	Character
1	Start Code	·
2	End Code	?
3	Separate Code	=
4	Code for hardware control	:<>

Default encoding must not use End Code as MG Encoding data.

Type B encoding must not use Start Code and End Code as MG Encoding data.

Type C encoding must not use Separate Code as MG Encoding data.

6 unit code O O 1 1 D D D D D D D D D D								
					0	0	1	1
					0	1	0	1
b4	b3	b2	b1		0	1	2	3
0	0	0	0	0		0	@	Р
0	0	0	1	1	!	1	Α	Q
0	0	1	0	2	"	2	В	R
0	0	1	1	3	#	3	С	S
0	1	0	0	4	\$	4	D	T
0	1	0	1	5	%	5	Е	U
0	1	1	0	6	&	6	F	V
0	1	1	1	7	4	7	G	W
1	0	0	0	8	(8	Н	X
1	0	0	1	တ)	9	I	Υ
1	0	1	0	Α	*	:	J	Z
1	0	1	1	В	+	;	K	[
1	1	0	0	С	,	'	L	\
1	1	0	1	D	-	=	М]
1	1	1	0	Е		>	N	۸
1	1	1	1	F	1	?	0	_

Note: Special code

No.	Meaning	Character
1	Start Code	%
2	End Code	?
3	Separate Code	۸
4	Code for hardware control	! " & ' * + , : ; < = > @ [\] _

Default encoding must not use End Code as MG Encoding data.

Type B encoding must not use Start Code and End Code as MG Encoding data.

Type C encoding must not use Code for hardware control (=) as MG Encoding data.

	7 unit code											
b7 0						0	0	0	1	1	1	1
				b6	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
				b5	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
b4	b3	b2	b1		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	0	0	0				0	@	Р	`	р
0	0	0	1	1			!	1	Α	Q	а	q
0	0	1	0	2			"	2	В	R	b	r
0	0	1	1	3			#	3	С	S	С	s
0	1	0	0	4			\$	4	D	T	d	t
0	1	0	1	5			%	5	Е	U	е	u
0	1	1	0	6			&	6	F	V	f	V
0	1	1	1	7			4	7	G	W	g	w
1	0	0	0	8			(8	Н	X	h	x
1	0	0	1	9)	9	I	Υ	I	у
1	0	1	0	Α			*	:	J	Z	j	Z
1	0	1	1	В			+	;	K	[k	{
1	1	0	0	С			,	<	L	\	I	
1	1	0	1	D			ı	=	M]	m	}
1	1	1	0	Е				>	N	۸	n	~
1	1	1	1	F			1	?	0	_	0	DEL

Note: Special code

No.	Meaning	Character
1	Start Code	0x7f (DEL)
2	End Code	0x7f (DEL)
3	Separate Code	Λ
4	Code for hardware control	! " & ' * + , : ; < = > @ [\] _

Start Code and End Code must not be used as MG Encoding data.

Type C encoding must not use Code for hardware control (=) as MG Encoding data.

<Appendix 3 Card Printer Error Code Table>

	Er	ror Co	de			
No.	SK	ASC	ASQ	Name	Contents	
1	02	D0	00	No card	There is no card, or the hopper tray is not closed.	
2	02	D1	00	Door Open	Printer door is opened, or cleaning roller is not attached.	
3	02	D3	00	Busy of Transporting	Busy because of transporting card or encoding. Note: This error is not returned from functions. Control Function returns positive value as BUSY.	
4	02	D4	00	Busy of Printing	Busy because of printing. Note: This error is not returnd from functions. Control Function returns positive value as BUSY.	
5	02	D5	00	Busy of Transporting and Printing	Busy because of both "Busy of Transporting" and "Busy of Transporting and Printing", or on the way of retransfer. Note: This error is not returnd from functions. Control Function returns positive value as BUSY.	
6	02	D6	00	[Removed] No Cassette	Ink ribbon cassette is not attached, or/and Retransfer film cassette is not attached.	
7	02	D7	00	[Removed] No Cleaning Ro.	Cleaning roller is not attached.	
8	02	DA	00	Preheating	Printer is on the way of preheating.	
9	02	DB	00	Initializing	Printer is on the way of initializing.	
10	02	DC	00	Testing or Cleaning	Printer is on the way of Off-line Test or cleaning.	
11	02	DD	00	On Setting or Transport Mode	Printer is in the setting mode or transporting mode.	
12	02	DE	00	Not Ready for Download	Firmware download cannot be done as printer is not in Download mode.	
13	02	FD FE	00	Sleeping Password Error	Printer is in the power save mode. Note: To exit this, initializing printer, which is pressing ENTER button after RESET button or sending REZERO command, is required. Password certification is not done.	
	02		3	. acovora Error	1 according destinoution to not delic.	

	Er	ror Co	de			
No.	SK	ASC	ASQ	Name	Content	
45	00	00	00	Jam(Hopper)	The card does not arrive the card supply sensor within	
15	03	90	00		a predefined time.	
16	03	91	04	00	Jam(TurnOver)	The card does not arrive the sensor inside the turnover
10	03	91	00		unit within a predefined time.	
				Jam(MG)	The card does not arrive at the card edge sensor within	
17	03	92	00		a predefined time after leaving turnover unit. Also in	
''	03	92	00		case of magnetic encoding, when detection by the start	
					position sensor of the MG unit is not possible.	
18	03	93	00	Jam(Transfer)	The card does not arrive the card outlet sensor within a	
10	03	3 93 00		93 00		predefined time after leaving the card edge sensor.
19	03	94	00	Jam(Discharge)The card stops at the card outlet sensor.		
				[Removed]	The card is not loaded within 10 seconds in Right Side	
20	20 03 95	5 00	Load Failure	Card Loading mode.		
20		95	95 00		Note: Load Card command can be accepted even if	
					this error is activated.	
21	03	40 00		[Removed]	Retransfer film is broken.	
21	03	A0	00	Media Broken		
22	03	A1	00	Media Search	Mark on the retransfer film could not be detected.	
23	03	AD	00	MG Write Error	Writing error to the magnetic stripe happens.	
24	03	AE	00	MG Read Error	Reading error from the magnetic stripe happens.	
25	03	В0	00	Ink Error	Invalid ink is attached.	
200	02	D4	B1 00	Ink Search	Mark on the ink ribbon could not be detected, or ink is	
26	03	ΒJ			broken.	
07	00	DD	00	[Removed]	Card jam happens in the external IC unit.	
27	03	BB	00	EXT. Jam		

	Er	ror Co	de			
No.	SK	ASC	ASQ	Name	Content	
28	04	44	00	Hardware Time out was detected by the printer firmware.		
29	04	A9	00	[Removed] MG Unconnected	MG unit is not attached correctly.	
30	04	AB	00	MG Mechanical Mechanical error happens in the MG unit.		
31	04	AC	00	MG Hardware	Hardware error happens in the MG unit.	
32	04	AF	00	[Removed] MG Communicate	Communication error happens between printer and MG unit.	
33	04	В9	00	[Removed] EXT. Unconnected	External IC unit is not attached correctly.	
34	04	ВА	00	[Removed] EXT. SW Setting	Dip switch setting in the external IC unit is not correct.	
35	04	BE	00	[Removed] Communication error happens between printer a external IC unit.		
36	04	BF	00	EXT2. Communicate Communication error happens during updatir laminator firmware.		
37	04	C0	00	[Removed] Turnover unit is out of order. Turn Over Unit		
38	04	C1	00	Heater Cam is out order.		
39	04	D8	00	Hardware Circuit trouble was detected at the initialization, writing error to the laminator memory fails durin updating laminator firmware.		
40	04	F0	00	TR Overheat	The temperature of retransfer roller is too hot.	
41	04	F1	00	TR Broken	Retransfer roller is out of order.	
42	04	F2	00	TR Sensor Broken	Retransfer roller thermister is out of order.	
43	04	F3	00	RR Overheat The temperature of bend remedy roller is too hot.		
44	04	F4	00	RR Broken Bend remedy roller is out of order.		
45	04	F5	00	RR Sensor Broken	Bend remedy roller thermister is out of order.	
46	04	F6	00	Overcool	The temperature in the printer is too cool.	
47	04	F8	00	Head Overheat	The temperature of the thermal head is too hot.	
48	04	FA	00	[Removed] EEPROM on the CPU circuit board or the head EEPROM Broken EEPROM is defective.		

	Er	ror Co	de			
No.	SK	ASC	ASQ	Name	Contents	
49	05	1A	00	Parameter List Length Error	The content of command is invalid. Parameter list length value in CDB or Page Data is invalid.	
50	05	20	00	Invalid Command Operation Code	The content of command is invalid. Operation Code in CDB is invalid.	
51	05	24	00	Illegal Field in CDB The content of command is invalid. The data in CI invalid.		
52	05	25	00	[Removed] Invalid LUN	The content of command is invalid. LUN value in CDB is invalid.	
53	05	26	00	Invalid Field in Parameter The content of command is invalid. The data in List Data is invalid.		
54	05	27	00	Invalid Color Code in CDB	Invalid ink is specified.	
55	05	2A	00	Command Sequence Error	The command is issued in bad order. Ex. Load Card is done when the card is in the printer.	
56	05	2B	00	MG Data Error	MG data from the host computer is invalid.	
57	05	2C	00	IC Encoder not installed	There is no specified IC Encoder.	
58	05	2D	00	MG Encoder not installed	There is no specified MG Encoder.	
59	05	FB	00	Invalid Download Data	Download data from the host computer is invalid.	
60	06	28	00	Medium Changed Printer was initialized by pressing RESET but		
61	06	29	00	Power On or Bus Device Reset Occurred	Printer was initialized by turning on the printer power.	
62	42	A2	00	Media Run Out	End of retransfer film is detected.	
63	42	B2	00	Ink Run Out	End of ink ribbon is detected.	

	Eri	Error Code									
No.	SK	ASC	ASQ	Name	Contents						
64	04	C2	00	[Added]	The temperature of the bend remedy heat roller or						
04	5)	9	HR Overheat	retransfer heat roller.						
65	03	A8	00	[Added]	MG writing error happens in MG Self Test.						
65	03	Ao	00	MG Write Error in Self Test							
66	05	0.	2E	00	[Added]	The command could not be executed as the turn					
80	US	2E	00	Option Not Installed	over unit is not attached.						
67	0.5	24	24 00	[Added]	New security key could not be registered as the key						
67	05	21	21	00	Security Key is already set	is already set.					
60	05	23	00	[Added]	Security key is not registered.						
68	US	23	UU	Security key is not set							
-	0.5			00	22	5	22 0	22 00	00	[Added]	Security key is invalid.
69	05	05 22		Invalid Security Key							
70		-	2 00	[Added]	24V electric power was interrupted.						
70	04 C3		C3 00	Detect Power Interrupt							
74	00		00	[Added]	Card JAM error happens during retransfer.						
71	l 03 95		95 00	Jam(Retransfer)							

<Appendix 4 The location of the MAC address printed with UV>

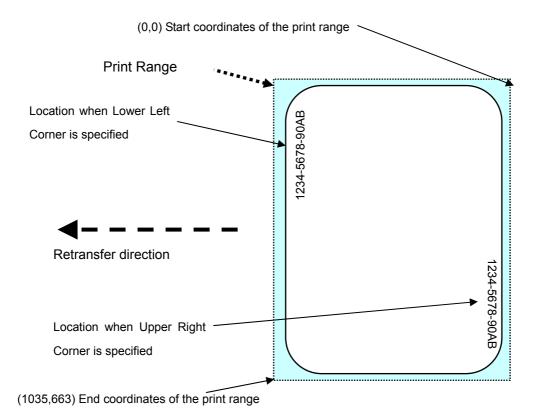
Printing UV on YMC directly makes it difficult to retransfer the YMC ink to the card. In case of the UV image and the YMC image overlapping, you must use 2 patches of the retransfer film so as not to happen this problem. After printing the YMC image on the retransfer film and retransferring it to the card, the UV image should be printed on the new patch of the retransfer film and be retransferred to the card.

Printing UV on K directly, the film and the ink may stick when the UV ink is printed on the YMC image printed on the film. So as not to happen this problem, please use the next patch of the film for UV, or replace the UV image with zero the place where the UV image and the K image overlap. And two pixels are required between K and UV image.

The card printer prints always its MAC address at the corner of the card with UV every when the UV ink is printed. So it is important to care about the place where the MAC address is printed when you don't use the printer driver.

1) The location where the MAC address is printed

The location can be specified by the command or the operation panel of the printer, one is at the upper right corner of the card and another is at the lower left corner. In case of the location at the lower corner, the font is printed upside down. So when you rotates the card by 180 degree, the same characters are printed at the same location.



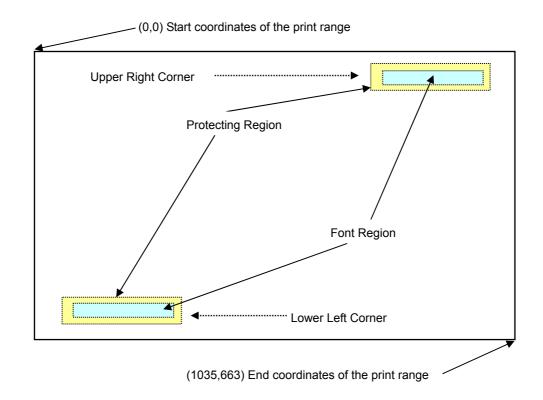
2) More about the location

(1) Structure of the font

Height	18 pixels.(Approx.1.5mm).
Width	16 pixels including 2 white pixels on both sides(Approx. 1.4mm)

(2) Protecting Region on the print range

We defines two regions for MAC address printing. One is Font Region and another is Protecting Region. MAC address is printed at Font Region. So the UV image in Font Region is replaced with MAC Address. Protecting Region is a recommended region where YMC-K image—should not be printed. If they are overlapped, the UV image had better be printed on the film after the YMCK image is retransferred.



		Upper Right Corner	Lower Left Corner			
Protecting	Width	230 pixels				
Region	Height	34 pixels				
	Х	764 42				
	Y	18 611				